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CONCERNING A	FILING UNDER 35 U.S.C. 371	08/0886734					
International Application No.	International Filing Date	RECTPCT/PTO22 MAY 1997					
PCT/EP95/04575 21 November 1995 22 November 1994							
Title of Invention							
LGN	ID GENE CODING FOR A CALCIUM DEPENDEN	IT PROTEASE					
Applicant(s) For DO/EO/US							
	BECKMANN et al						
	tates Designed/Elected Office (DO/EO/US) the follo	wing items and other information:					
	items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371.	L. 05 H 0 0 074					
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until the expiration of the applic	able time limit set in 35 U.S.C. 371(b) and PCT Arti	cles 22 and 39(1).					
	onal preliminary Examination was made by the 19th	month from the earliest claimed priority date.					
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	cation was filed in the United States Receiving Offic	e (RO/US).					
Amendments to the claims of the Internation	al Application into English (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(2)). ational Application under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C.	. 371(c)(3)).					
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16. [ x ] A FIRST preliminary amendme	ent.						
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International Search Report				
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BASIC NATIONAL FEE (37 CFR 1.492(a)(1)-(5)):  - Search Report has been prepared by the EPO or JPO				
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Surcharge of \$130.00 for furnishing the National fee or oath or declaration later than				
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CLAIMS NUMBER FILED NUMBER EXTRA	RATE			
Total Claims <b>22</b> - 20 = <b>2</b> X	\$ 22.00	\$	44.00	
Independent Claims 4 -3 = 1 X	\$ 80.00	\$	80.00	
Multiple Dependent Claim(s) (if applicable)	+ \$260.00	\$	260.00	
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In re Patent Application of

**BECKMANN** et al

Atty. Ref.:

960-29

Serial No.

(To Be Assigned)

Group:

Filed:

22 May 1997

Examiner:

For:

LGMD GENE CODING FOR A CALCIUM DEPENDENT

**PROTEASE** 

May 22, 1997

Honorable Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks Washington, DC 20231

#### PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT

Sir:

In order to place the above-identified application in better condition for examination, please amend the above-identified application as follows:

#### **IN THE CLAIMS**:

Claim 3, line 2, delete "or 2".

Claim 5, line 2, change "claims 1 to 4" to -- Claim 1 ---

Claim 6, line 1, delete "or 6".

Claim 7, line 1, delete "or 6".

Claim 8, line 3, change "any one of claims 1 to 4" to -- Claim 1 --.

## BECKMANN et al Serial No. (To Be Assigned)

Claim 10, line 1, change "claims 5 to 6" to -- Claim 5 ---

Claim 11, line1, change "claims 10 or 11" to -- Claim 10 --.

Claim 12, line 1, change "claims 5 to 7" to -- Claim 5 ---

Claim 13, line 1, change "one of claims 1 to 4" to -- Claim 1 ---

Claim 17, line 1, delete "or 16".

Claim 20 (Amended) Pharmaceutical composition for the treatment of an LGMD2 disease characterized in that [in] it contains a component selected from the group of:

- a) a nucleic acid sequence according to claim[s] 1 [to 4],
- b) a host cell according to claim 8,
- c) an aminoacid sequence according to claim[s] 5 [to 7].

#### **REMARKS**

The above amendments are made to place the claims in a more traditional format.

Respectfully submitted,

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# LGMD gene coding for a calcium dependent protease

The invention relates to the isolated gene coding for a calcium dependent protease belonging to the Calpain family which, when it is mutated, is a cause of a disease called Limb-Girdle Muscular Dystrophy (LGMD).

The term limb-girdle muscular dystrophy (LGMD) was first proposed by Walton and Nattrass (1954) as part of a classification of muscular dystrophies. LGMD is characterised by progressive symmetrical atrophy and weakness of the proximal limb muscles and by elevated serum creatine kinase. Muscle biopsies demonstrate dystrophic lesions and electromyograms show myopathic features. The symptoms usually begin during the first two decades of life and the disease gradually worsens, often resulting in loss of walking ability 10 or 20 years after onset (Bushby, 1994). Yet, the precise nosological definition of LGMD still remains unclear. Consequently, various neuromuscular diseases such as facioscapulohumeral, Becker muscular dystrophies and especially spinal muscular atrophies have been occasionally classified under this diagnosis. For example, a recent study (Arikawa et al., 1991) reported that 17% (out of 41) of LGMD patients showed a dystrophinopathy. These issues highlight the difficulty in undertaking an analysis of the molecular and genetic defect(s) involved in this pathology.

Attempts to identify the genetic basis of this disease go back over 35 years. Morton and Chung (1959) estimated that "the frequency of heterozygous carrier ... is 16 per thousand persons". The same authors also stated that "the segregation analysis gives no evidence on whether these genes in different families are allelic or at different loci". Both autosomal dominant and recessive transmission have been reported, the latter being more common with an estimated prevalence of 10<sup>-5</sup> (Emery, 1991). The localisation of a gene for a recessive form on chromosome 15 (LGMD2A, MIM 253600; Beckmann et al., 1991) provided the definitive proof that LGMD is a specific genetic entity. Subsequent genetic analyses confirmed this chromosome 15 localisation (Young et al., 1992; Passos-Bueno et al., 1993), the latter group demonstrating genetic heterogeneity of this disease. Although a recent study localised a second mutant

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gene to chromosome 2 (LGMD2B, MIM 253601; Bashir et al., 1994), there is evidence that at least one other locus can be involved.

Genetic analyses of the LGMD2 kindreds revealed unexpected findings. First genetic heterogeneity was demonstrated in the highly inbred Indiana Amish community. Second although the Isle of la Réunion families were thought to represent a genetic isolate, at least 6 different disease haplotypes were observed, providing evidence against the hypothesis of a single founder effect (Beckmann et al., 1991) in this inbred population.

The nonspecific nosological definition, the relatively low prevalence and genetic heterogeneity of this disorder limit the number of families which can be used to restrict the genetic boundaries of the LGMD2A interval. Cytogenetic abnormalities, which could have helped to focus on a particular region, have not been reported. Immunogenetic studies of dystrophin-associated proteins (Matsumura et al., 1993) and cytoskeletal or extracellular matrix proteins such as a merosin (Tomé et al., 1994) failed to demonstrate any deficiency. In addition, there is no known specific physiological feature or animal model that could help to identify a candidate gene. Thus, there is no alternative to a positional cloning strategy.

It is established that the LGMD2 chromosomal region is localized on chromosome 15 as 15q15.1 - 15q21.1 region (Fougerousse et al., 1994).

Construction and analysis of a 10-12 Mb YAC contig (Fougerousse et al., 1994) permitted the mapping of 33 polymorphic markers within this interval and to further narrow the LGMD2A region to between D15S514 and D15S222. Furthermore, extensive analysis of linkage disequilibrium suggested a likely position for the gene in the proximal part of the contig.

The invention results from the construction of a partial cosmid map and the screening by cDNA selection (Lovett et al., 1991; Tagle et al., 1993) for muscle-expressed sequences encoded by this interval led to the identification of a number of potential candidate genes. One of these, previously cloned by Sorimachi et al. (1989), encodes a muscle specific protein, nCL1 (novel Calpain Large subunit 1), which belongs to the calpain family (CANP, calcium-activated neutral protease; EC 3.4.22.17), and appeared to be a functional candidate gene for this disease.

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Calpains are non-lysosomal intracellular cysteine proteases which require calcium for their catalytic activities (for a review see Croall D.E. et al. 1991). The mammalian calpains include two ubiquitous proteins CANP1 and CANP2 as well as tissue-specific proteins. In addition to the muscle specific nCL1, stomach specific nCL2 and nCL2' proteins have also been described; these are derived from the same gene by alternative splicing. The ubiquitous enzymes consist of heterodimers with distinct large subunits associated with an common small subunit; the association of tissue-specific large subunits with a small subunit has not yet been demonstrated. The large subunits of calpains can be subdivided into 4 protein domains. Domains I and III, whose functions remain unknown, show no homology with known proteins. Domain I, however, seems important for the regulation of the proteolytic activity. Domain II shows similarity with other cysteine proteases, sharing histidine, cysteine and asparagine residues at its active sites. Domain IV comprises four EF-hand structures which are potential calcium binding sites. In addition, three unique regions with no known homology are present in the muscle-specific nCL1 protein, namely NS. IS1 and IS2, the latter containing a nuclear translocation signal. These regions may be important for the muscle specific function of nCL1.

It is usually accepted that muscular dystrophies are associated with excess or deregulated calpains, and all the known approaches for curing these diseases are the use of antagonists of these proteases; examples are disclosed in EP 359309 or EP 525420.

The invention results from the finding that, on the opposite to all these hypothesis, the LGMD2 disease is strongly correlated to the defect of a calpain which is expressed in healthy people.

The invention relates to the nucleic acid sequence such as represented in Figure 2 coding for a Ca<sup>++</sup> dependent protease, or calpaïn, which is involved in LGMD2 disease, and more precisely LGMD2A. It also relates to a part of this sequence provided it is able to code for a protein having a calcium-dependent protease activity involved in LGMD2, or a sequence derived from one of the above sequences by substitution, deletion or addition of one or more nucleotides provided that said sequence is still coding for said protein, all the nucleic acids yielding a sequence complementary to a sequence as defined above.

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The genomic organisation of the human nCL1 gene has been determined by the inventors, and consists of 24 exons and extends over 40 kb as represented in Figure 8, and is also a part of the invention. About 35 kb of this gene have been sequenced. A systematic screening of this gene in LGMD2A families led to the identification of 14 different mutations, establishing that a number of independent mutational events in nCL1 are responsible for LGMD2A. Furthermore, this is the first demonstration of a muscular dystrophy resulting from an enzymatic rather than a structural defect.

In the present specification, CANP3 means the protein which is a Ca<sup>++</sup> dependent protease, or calpain, and coded by the nCL1 gene on chromosome 15.

The invention relates also to a protein, called CANP3, consisting in the amino acid sequence such as represented in figure 2 and which is involved, when mutated, in the LGMD2 disease.

The cDNA of the gene coding for CANP3, which is coding for the protein, is also represented in Figure 2, and is a part of the invention.

The protein coded by this DNA is CANP3, a calcium-dependent protease belonging to the Calpain family.

Are also included in the present invention the nucleic acid sequences derived from the cDNA of Figure 2 by one or more substitutions, deletions, insertions, or by mutations in 5' or 3' non coding regions or in splice sites, provided that the translated protein has the protease, calcium-dependent activity, and when mutated, induce LGMD2 disease.

The nucleic acid sequence encoding the protein might be DNA or RNA and be complementary to the nucleic and sequence represented in Figure 2.

The invention also relates to a recombinant vector including a DNA sequence of the invention, under the control of a promoter allowing the expression of the calpain in an appropriate host cell.

A procaryotic or eucaryotic host cell transformed by or transfected with a DNA sequence comprising all or part of the sequence of Figure 2 is a part of the invention.

Such a host cell might be either:

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- a cell which is able to secrete the protein and, this recombinant protein might be used as a drug to treat the LGMD2, or
- a packaging cell line transfected by a viral or retroviral vector; the cell lines bearing recombinant vector might be used as a drug for gene therapy of LGMD2.

All the systems used today for gene therapy including adenoviruses and retroviruses and others described for example in « l'ADN médicament », (John Libbey, Eurotext, 1993), and bearing one of the DNA sequence of the invention are included herein by reference.

The examples hereunder and attached figures indicate how the structure of the gene was established, and how relationship between the gene and the LGMD was established.

Legend of the figures:

## 15 Figure 1:

A) Genomic organisation of the nCL1 gene

The gene covers a 40 kb region of which 35 were sequenced (Accession number pending). Introns and exons are drawn to scale, the latter being indicated by numbered vertical bars. The first intron is the largest one and remains to be fully sequenced. Position of intragenic microsatellites are indicated by asterisks. Arrows indicate the orientation of Alu (closed) and of Mer2 (greyed) repeat sequences.

## B) EcoRI restriction map

An *EcoRI* (E) restriction map of this region was established with the help of cosmids from this region. The location of nCL1 gene is indicated as a black bar. The size of the corresponding fragments are indicated and are underlined when determined by sequence analysis.

C) Cosmid map of the nCL1 gene region.

Cosmids were from a cosmid library constructed by subcloning YAC 774G4 (Richard in preparation) and are presented as lines. Dots on lines indicate positive STSs (indicated in boxed rectangles). A minimum of three cosmids cover the entire gene. T3,T7

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Figure 2: Sequence of the human nCL1 cDNA (B), and the flanking 5' (A) and 3' (C) genomic regions

- A) and C) The polyadenylation signal and putative CAAT, TATAA sites are boxed. Putative Sp1 (position -477 to -472), MEF2 binding sites (-364 to -343) and CArG box (-685 to -672) are in bold. The Alu sequence present in the 5' region is underlined
- B) The corresponding amino acids are shown below the sequence. The coding sequence between the ATG initiation codon and the TGA stop codon is 2466 bp, encoding for a 821 amino acid protein. The adenine in the first methionine codon has been assigned position 1. Locations of introns within the nCL1 gene are indicated by arrowheads. Nucleotides which differ from the previously published ones are indicated by asterisks.

Figure 3: Alignments of amino acid sequences of the muscle-specific calpains.

The human nCL1 protein is shown on the first line. The 3 muscle-specific sequences (NS, IS1 and IS2) are underlined. The second line corresponds to the rat sequence (Accession no P). The third and fourth lines show the deduced amino acid sequences encoded by pig and bovine Expressed Sequences Tagged (GenBank accession no U05678 and no U07858, respectively). The amino acids residues which are conserved among all known members of the calpains are in reverse letters. A period indicates that the same amino acid is present in the sequence. Letters refer to the variant amino acid found in the homologous sequence. Position of missense mutations are given as numbers above the mutated amino acid.

Figure 4: Distribution of the mutations along nCL1 protein structure.

- A) Positions of the 23 introns are indicated by vertical bars in relation to the corresponding amino acid coordinates.
  - B) The nCL1 protein is depicted showing the four domains (I, II, III, IV) and the muscle specific sequences (NS, IS1 and IS2). The position of missense mutations within nCL1 domain are indicated by black dots. The effect of nonsense and frameshift mutations are illustrated as truncated lines, representing the extent of protein synthesised. Name of the corresponding families are indicated on the left of the line. The out of frame ORF is given by hatched lines.

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Figure 5: Northern blot hybridisation of a nCL1 clone

A mRNA blot (Clontech) containing 2 µg of poly(A)+ RNA from each of eight human tissues was hybridised with a nCL1 genomic clone spanning exons 20 and 21. The latter detects a 3.6 kb mRNA present only in a line corresponding to the skeletal muscle mRNA.

Figure 6: Representative mutations identified by heteroduplex analysis.

Examples of mutation screening by heteroduplex analysis. Pedigree B505 shows the segregation of two different mutations in exon 22.

Figure 7: Homozygous mutations in the nCL1 gene

Detection by sequencing of mutations in exons 2 (a), 8 (b), 13 (c) and 22 (d). Sequences from a healthy control are shown above each mutant sequence. Asterisks indicate the position of the mutated nucleotides. The consequences on codon and amino acid residues are indicated on the left of the figure together with the name of the family.

15 Figure 8 : Structure of nCL1 gene

Figure 8A represents the 5' part of the gene with exon 1.

Figure 8B represents the part of the gene including exons 2 to 8,

Figure 8C represents the part of the gene including exon 9,

Figure 8D represents the part of the gene including exons 10 to 24 including the 3' non transcribed region.

#### **EXAMPLES**

#### EXAMPLE 1

# Localisation of the nCL1 within the LGMD2A interval

Detailed genetic and physical maps of the LGMD2A region were constructed (Fougerousse et al., 1994), following the primary linkage assignment to 15q (Beckmann et al., 1991). The disease locus was bracketed between the D15S129 and D15S143 markers, defining the cytogenetic boundaries of the LGMD2A region as 15q15.1-15q21.1 (Fougerousse et al., 1994). Construction and analysis of a 10-12 Mb YAC contig (Fougerousse et al., 1994) permitted us to map 33 polymorphic markers within this interval and to further narrow the LGMD2A region to between D15S514 and D15S222.

The nCL1 gene had been localised to chromosome 15 by hybridisation with sorted chromosomes and by Southern hybridisation to DNA from human-mouse cell hybrids (Ohno et al., 1989).cDNA capture using YACs from the LGMD2A interval allowed the identification of thirteen positional candidate genes. nCL1 was one of the two transcripts identified that showed muscle-specific expression as evidenced by northen blot analysis. The localisation was further confirmed by STS (for Sequence Tagged Site) assays. Primers used for the localisation of the nCL1 gene are P94in2, P94in13 and pcr6a3, as shown in Figure 1 and their characteristics being defined in Table 1.

10 Table 1: PCR primers used for localisation of the nCL1 gene.

Primer name	Primer sequence (5'-3')	Position within the	Annealing temp (°C)	PCR product size on	
		cDNA	• • •	cDNA	genomic DNA
P941n2	ATGGAGCCAACAGAACTGA C GTATGACTCGGAAAAGAAG	341-360 428-448	58	108	1758
	GT				
P94in13	TAAGCAAAAGCAGTCCCCA	1893-1912	58	64	1043
	C TTGCTGTTCCTCACTTTCCT G	1936-1956			
P94-6a3	GTTTCATCTGCTGCTTCGTT	2342-2361	56	130	818
	CTGGTTCAGGCATACATGG T	2452-2471			•••
P94ex1ter	TTCTTTATGTGGACCCTGAG	218-239	55	<b>7</b> 6	76
	TT ACGAACTGGATGGGGAACT	275-293			

These primers are designed from different parts of the published human cDNA sequence (Sorimachi et al., 1989), and were used for an STS content screening on DNA from three chromosome 15 somatic cell hybrids and YACs from the LGMD2A contig. The results positioned the gene in a region previously defined as 15q15.1-q21.1 and on 3 YACs (774G4, 926G10, 923G7) localised in this region. The relative positions of STSs along the LGMD2A contig allowed to localise the gene between D15S512 and D15S488, in a candidate region suggested by linkage disequilibrium studies.

The same primers as above were used to screen a cosmid library from YAC 774G4. A group of 5 cosmids was identified (Fig. 1). Experiments with another nCL1 primer pair (P94ex1ter; Table 1) established that these cosmids cover all nCL1 exons except number 1, and that a second group of 4 cosmids contain this

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exon (Fig. 1). A minimal set of three overlapping cosmids (2G8-2B11-1F11) covers the entire gene (Figure 1). DNA from these cosmids was used to construct an *EcoRI* restriction map of this region (Figure 1B).

#### **EXAMPLE 2**

## Determination of the nCL1 gene sequence

Most of the sequences were obtained through shotgun sequencing of partial digests of cosmid 1F11 subcloned in M13 and bluescript vectors, and by walking with internal primers. The sequence assembly was made using the XBAP software of the Staden package (Staden) and was in agreement with the restriction map of the cosmids. Sequences of exon 1 and adjacent regions were obtained by sequencing cosmid DNA or PCR products from human genomic DNA. The first intron is still not fully sequenced, but there is evidence that it may be between 10 to 16 kb in length (based on hybridisation of restriction fragments; data not shown). The entire gene, including its 5' and 3' regions, is more than 40 kb long, and shown in Figure 8.

## a) the cDNA sequence

The used technology allows the implementation of the published human cDNA sequence of nCL1 (Sorimachi 1989). It contains the missing 129 bases corresponding to the N-terminal 43 amino acids (Figure 2). It also differs from it at 12 positions. Three of which occur at third base positions of codons and preserve the encoded amino acid sequence. The other 9 differences lead to changes in amino-acid composition (Figure 2). As these different exons were sequenced repeatedly on at least 10 distinct genomes, we are confident that the sequence of Fig. 2 represents an authentic sequence and does not contain minor polymorphic variants. Furthermore, these modifications increase the local similarity with the rat nCL1 amino acid sequence (Sorimachi), although the overall similarity is still 94 %.

The ATG numbered 1 in Figure 2 is the translation initiation site based on homology with the rat nCL1, and is within a sequence with only 5 nucleotides out of 8 in common with the Kosak consensus sequence (Kosak M, 1984). Putative CCAAT and TATA boxes were observed 590, 324, (CCAAT) and 544 or 33 bp (TATA) upstream of the initiating ATG codon, respectively (Bucher, 1990). A GC-box binding the Sp1 protein (Dynan et al., 1983) was identified at position -477.

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Consensus sequences corresponding to potential muscle-specific regulatory elements were identified (Fig. 2). These include a myocyte-specific enhancer-binding factor 2 (MEF2) binding site (Cserjesi P. 1991), a CArG box (Minty A. 1986) and 6 E-boxes (binding sites for basic Helix-Loop-Helix proteins frequently found in members of MyoD family; Blackwell et Weintraub, 1990). The functional significance of these putative transcription factor binding sites in the regulation of nCL1 gene expression remains to be established.

Two potential AAUAAA polyadenylation signals, were identified 520 and 777 bp downstream of the TGA stop codon. The sequencing of a partial nCL1 cDNA containing a polyA tail, demonstrated that the first AAUAAA is the polyadenylation signal. The latter is embedded in a region well conserved with the rat nCL1 sequence and is followed after 4 bp by a G/T cluster, present in most genes 3' of the polyadenylation site (Birnstiel et al., 1985). The 3'-untranslated region of the nCL1 mRNA is 565 bp long. The predicted length of the cDNA should therefore be approximately 3550 or 3000 bp.

#### b) Comparison with calpain

The sequence of the human nCL1 gene was compared to those of other calpains thereof (Figure 3). The most telling comparisons are with the homologous rat (Accession no J05121), bovine (Accession no U07858) and porcine (Accession no U05678) sequences. The accession numbers refers to those or international genebanks, such as GeneBank (N.I.H.) or EMBL Database (EMBL, Heidelberg). High local similarities between the human and rat DNA sequences are even observed in the 5' (75%) or in different parts of the 3' untranslated regions (over 60%) (data not shown). The high extent of sequence homology manifested by the human and rat nCL1 gene in their untranslated regions is suggestive of evolutionary pressures on common putative regulatory sequences.

# c) Genomic organisation of the nCL1 gene

A comparison of the published nCL1 human cDNA (Sorimachi et al., 1989) with the corresponding genomic sequence led to the identification of 24 exons ranging in length from 12 bp (exon 13) to 309 bp (exon 1), with a mean size of 100 bp (Figure 1). The size of introns ranges from 86 bp to about 10-16 kb for intron 1.

The intron-exon boundaries as shown in Table 2 exhibit close adherence to 5' and 3' splice site consensus sequences (Shapiro and Senapathy, 1987).

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<u>Table 2:</u> Sequences at the intron-exon junctions. A score expressing adherence to the consensus was calculated for each site according to Shapiro and Senapathy (1987). Sequences of exons and introns are in upper and lower cases, respectively. Size of exons are given in parenthesis.

splice donor site	score (%)	Intron	score (%)	splice acceptor site	Exon
					Exon 1 (309 bp) ->
CTCCGgtgagt	88.5	<-Intron 1->	99.0	ttttigtticacagGAAAT	Exon 2 (70 bp) ->
GCTAGgtagga	<b>8</b> 3.5	<-Intron 2->	90.0	gtgtctgcctgcagGGGAC	Exon 3 (119 bp) ->
TCCAGgtgagg	92	<-Intron 3->	81.5	acgcttctgtgcagTTCTG	Exon 4 (134 bp) ->
GCTAAgtaagc	82	<-Intron 4->	81.5	atcctctctctaagGCTCC	Exon 5 (169 bp) ->
TTGATgtaagt	87	<-Intron 5->	79.5	ccatcgggcctcagGATGG	Exon 6 (144 bp) ->
CCCGGgggg.	77.5	<-Intron 6->	91	ttactgctctacagACAAT	Exon 7 (84 bp) ->
ATGAGgtaagc	94	<-lntron 7->	78 5	tctgtgtgcttaagGTCCC	Exon 8 (86 bp) ->
GATAGgraggr	89	<-intron 8->	91.5	cattttcccaccagATGGA	Exon 9 (78 bp) ->
TTCTGgtgagt.	<b>8</b> 8	<-Intron 9->	92	ttccaacctctcagGATGT	Exon 10 (161 bp) ->
CCCAGggggga	80	<-intron 10->	68.5	ttctgggggtgcagATACT	Exon 11 (170 bp) ->
ACGAGgggg	85.5	<-Intron   1->	<b>8</b> 6	tgtttcttctcaagGTTCC	Exon 12 (12 bp) ->
AAGAGgtatag	<b>7</b> 0	<-Intron 12->	87	tccccatctctcagATGCA	Exon 13 (209 bp) ->
TCTGAgtgagt	76.5	<-Intron 13->	97	tgtattcctcacagGGAAG	Exon 14 (37 bp) ->
CAGTGgtgagt	<b>8</b> 9	<-Intron 14->	93.5	cttticttatgcagAAAA	Exon 15 (18 bp) ->
CCAAGgtaggt	89	<-Intron 15->	87	ccicctctctccagCCCAT	Exon16 (114 bp) ->
CACAGgrgrct	80	<-Intron 16->	88	ttgtgcctccacagCCACA	Exon 17 (78 bp) ->
GAGATgtgagt	84	<-intron 17->	92.5	cccttcctcctcagGACAT	Exon 18 (58 bp) ->
.CAAACgtgagt	83	<-Intron 18->	90	ctccatcccccagACAAG I	Exon 19 (65 bp) ->
TGGATgtatcc	56	<-intron 19->	88	cctccctccagACAGA I	Exon 20 (69 bp) ->
GGCAGgtggga	80	<-Intron 20->	94	ttttctattgccagAAATA E	Exon 21 (79 bp) ->
. CGCAGgracta	66	<-intron 21->	91	ggtcccctccacagGATTC E	exon 22 (117 bp) ->

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GTTCAgtaagt	79	<-Intron 22->	93.5	gcattctttcacagGAGCT	Exon 23	(59 bp) ->
TGGAGgtaaag	81	<-Intron 23->	79	gggacttctttcagTGGCT	Exon 24	(27 bp) ->

When the genomic sequence was submitted to GRAIL analysis (Uberbacher et al., 1991), 11 exons were correctly recognised, 4 were not identified, 6 were inadequately defined and 2 were too small to be recognised (data not shown).

As already noted, the nCL1 gene has three unique sequence blocks, NS (amino acid residues 1 to 61), IS1 (residues 267 to 329) and IS2 (residues 578 to 653). It is interesting to note that each of these sequences, as well as the nuclear translocation signal inside IS2, are essentially flanked by introns (Fig. 4). The exon-intron organisation of the human nCL1 is similar to that reported for the chicken CANP (the only other large subunit calpain gene whose genomic structure is known; (Emori et al., 1986).

Four microsatellite sequences were identified. Two of them are in the distal part of the first intron: an (AT)14 and an previously identified mixed-pattern microsatellite, S774G4B8, which was demonstrated to be non polymorphic (Fougerousse et al., 1994). A (TA)7(CA)4(GA)13 was identified in the second intron and genotyping of 64 CEPH unrelated individuals revealed two alleles (with frequencies of 0.10 and 0.90). The fourth microsatellite is a mixed (CA)n(TA)m repeat present in the 9th intron. The latter and the (AT)14 repeat have not been investigated for polymorphism. Fourteen repetitive sequences of the Alu family and one Mer2 repeat were identified in the nCL1 gene (Fig. 1C), which has, thus, on the average one Alu element per 2.5 kb.

Southern blot experiments (Ohno et al., 1989) and STS screening (data not shown) suggest that there is but one copy per genome of this member of the calpain family.

#### EXAMPLE 3

## Expression of the nCL1 gene

The pattern of tissue-specificity was investigated by northern blot hybridisation with a genomic subclone probe from cosmid 1F11 spanning exons 20 and 21. There is no evidence for the existence of an alternatively spliced form of nCL1, although this cannot be excluded. A transcript of about 3.4-3.6 kb was

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detected in skeletal muscle mRNA (Figure 5). This size therefore favours that the position -544 is the functional TATA box.

Transcription studies suggested that it is an active gene rather than a pseudogene and its muscle-specific pattern of expression is consistent with the phenotype of this disorder (Sorimachi et al., 1989 and Figure 5).

# EXAMPLE 4

## Mutation screening

nCL1 fulfils both positional and functional criteria to be a candidate gene for LGMD2A. To evaluate its role in the etiology of this disorder, nCL1 was systematically screened in 38 LGMD2 families for the presence of nucleotide changes using a combination of heteroduplex (Keen et al., 1991) and direct sequence analyses.

PCR primers were designed to specifically amplify the exons and splice junctions and also the regions containing the putative CAT, TATA boxes and the polyadenylation signal of the gene as shown in Table 3.

Table 3: PCR primers used for the analysis of the nCL1 gene in LGMD patients.

amplified region	Primer sequences (5'-3')	Size (bp)	Annealing temp. (°C)
promotor	TTCAGTACCTCCCGTTCACC	296	59
	GATGCTTGAGCCAGGAAAAC		
exon 1	CTTTCCTTGAAGGTAGCTGTAT	438	60
	GAGGTGCTGAGTGAGAGGAC		00
exon 2	ACTCCGTCTCAAAAAAATACCT	239	57
	ATTGTCCCTTTACCTCCTGG		
exon 3	TGGAAGTAGGAGAGTGGGCA	354	58
	GGGTAGATGGGTGGGAAGTT		20
exon 4	GAGGAATGTGGAGGAAGGAC	292	59
	TTCCTGTGAGTGAGGTCTCG		3,
exon 5	GGAACTCTGTGACCCCAAAT	325	56
	TCCTCAAACAAACATTCGC	525	50
exon 6	GTTCCCTACATTCTCCATCG	315	57
	GTTATTTCAACCCAGACCCTT	5.25	37
exon 7	AATGGGTTCTCTGGTTACTGC	333	56
	AGCACGAAAAGCAAAGATAAA	233	30
exon 8	GTAAGAGATTTGCCCCCCAG	321	58
	TCTGCGGATCATTGGTTTTG		26
exon 9	CCTTCCCTTCTTCCTGCTTC	173	56
	CTCTCTTCCCCACCCTTACC	• 75	20
exon 10	CCTCCTCACCTGCTCCCATA	251	<b>5</b> 6
	TTTTTCGGCTTAGACCCTCC	251	30
exon 11	TGTGGGGAATAGAATAAATGG	355	57
	CCAGGAGCTCTGTGGGTCA	332	31
exon 12	GGCTCCTCATCCTCATTCACA	312	61
	GTGGAGGAGGGTGAGTGTGC	J.L	61
exon 13	TGTGGCAGGACAGGACGTTC	337	60

PCT/EP95/04575 WO 96/16175 14 TTCAACCTCTGGAGTGGGCC exon 14 CACCAGAGCAAACCGTCCAC 230 61 ACAGCCCAGACTCCCATTCC exon 15 TTCTCTTCTCCCTTCACCCT 225 57 ACACACTTCATGCTCTCTACCC exon 16 CCGCCTATTCCTTTTCCTCTT 331 56 GACAAACTCCTGGGAAGCCT exon 17 ACCTCTGACCCCTGTGAACC 270 61 TGTGGATTTGTGTGCTACGC exon 18 CATAAATAGCACCGACAGGGA 258 59 GGGATGGAGAAGAGTGAGGA exon 19 TCCTCACTCTTCTCCATCCC 159 57 ACCCTGTATGTTGCCTTGG exons 20-21 GGGGATTTTGCTGTGTGCTG 333 61 ATTCCTGCTCCCACCGTCTC exon 22 CACAGAGTGTCCGAGAGGCA 282 57 GGAGATTATCAGGTGAGATGCC exons 22-23 CAGAGTGTCCGAGAGGCAGGG 608 61 CGTTGACCCCTCCACCTTGA exon 24 GGGAAAACATGCACCTTCTT 375 58 TAGGGGTAAAATGGAGGAG polyadenylation signal ACTAACTCAGTGGAATAGGG 413 56 GGAGCTAGGATAGCTCAAT

PCR products made on DNA from blood of specific LGMD2A patients were then subjected either to heteroduplex analysis or to direct sequencing, depending on whether the mutation, based on haplotype analysis, was expected to be homozygous or heterozygous, respectively. It was occasionally necessary to clone the PCR products to precisely identify the mutations (i.e., for microdeletions or insertions and for some heterozygotes). Disease-associated mutations are summarised in Table 4 hereunder and their position along the protein is shown in Fig. 4.

Table 4: nCL1 mutations in LGMD2A families.

Codons and amino acid positions are numbered on the basis of the cDNA sequence starting from ATG.

Exon	Families	Nucleotide position	Nucleotide change	Amino acid	Amino acid	Restriction si
2	B519*	328	CGA->TGA	110	Arg->stop	
4	M42	545	C <u>T</u> G -> C <u>A</u> G	182	Leu->Gin	
4	M1394: M2888	550	CAA -> CA	184	frameshift	
5	M35: M37	701	GGG -> GAG	234	Gly->Glu	

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6	M32	945	CGG -> CG	315	frameshifi	-Smal
8	M2407*	1061	G <u>T</u> G -> G <u>G</u> G	354	Val-> Gly	
8	M1394	1079	T <u>G</u> G -> T <u>A</u> G	360	Trp->stop	-Bsinl, -Eco
11	M2888	1468	CGG -> TGG	490	Arg->Trp	
13	R12*	1715	CGG -> CAG	572	Arg->Gln	-Mspl
19	R27	2069-2070	deletion AC	<b>69</b> 0	frameshift	
21	R14: R17	2230	AGC -> GGC	744	Ser->Gly	-Alul
22	A*; B501*; M32	2306	C <u>G</u> G -> C <u>A</u> G	769	Arg->Gln	
22	B505	2313-2316	deletion AGAC	771-772	frameshift	
22	R14: B505	2362-2363	AG -> TCATCT	788	frameshift	

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The first letter of the family code refers to the origin of the population B= Brazil, M= metropolitan France, R = Isle of La Réunion, A= Amish.

Each mutation was confirmed by heteroduplex analysis, by sequencing of both strands in several members of the family or by enzymatic digestion when the mutation resulted in the modification of a restriction site. Segregation analyses of the mutations, performed on DNAs from all available members of the families, confirmed that these sequence variations are on the parental chromosome carrying the LGMD2A mutation. To exclude the possibility that the missense substitutions might be polymorphisms, their presence was systematically tested in a control population: none of these mutations was seen among 120 control chromosomes from the CEPH reference families.

### EXAMPLE 5:

# Analysis of families genes, chromosome-15 ascertained families

The initial screening for causative mutations was performed on families, each containing a LGMD gene located on chromosome 15. These included families from the Island of La Réunion (Beckmann et al., 1991), from the Old Order Amish from northern Indiana (Young et al., 1992,) and 2 Brazilian families (Passos Bueno et al., 1993).

## a) Reunion Island families

Genealogical studies and geographic isolation of the families from the Isle of La Réunion were suggestive of a single founder effect. Genetic analyses are,

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however, inconsistent with this hypothesis as the families present haplotype heterogeneity. At least, six different carrier chromosomes are encountered, (with affected individuals in several families being compound heterozygotes). Distinct mutations corresponding to four of these six haplotypes have been identified thus far.

In family R14, exons 13, 21 and 22 showed evidence for sequence variation upon heteroduplex analysis (Fig. 6). Sequencing of the associated PCR products revealed (i) a polymorphism in exon 13, (ii) a missense mutation (A->G) in exon 21 transforming the Ser<sup>744</sup> residue to a glycine in the loop of the second EF-hand in domain IV of the protein (Figure 4), and (iii) a frameshift mutation in exon 22. The exon 21 mutation and the polymorphism in exon 13 form an haplotype which is also encountered in family R17. Subcloning of the PCR products was necessary to identify the exon 22 mutation. Sequencing of several clones revealed a replacement of AG by TCATCT (data not shown). This frameshift mutation causes premature termination at nucleotide 2400 where an in frame stop codon occurs (Figure. 4).

The affected individuals in family R12 are homozygous for all markers of the LGMD2A interval (Allamand, submitted). Sequencing of the PCR products of exon 13 revealed a G to A transition at base 1715 of the cDNA resulting in a substitution of glutamine for Arg<sup>572</sup> (Figure. 7) within domain III, a residue which is highly conserved throughout all known calpains. This mutation, detectable by loss of *Mspl* restriction site, is present only in this family and in no other examined LGMD2A families or unrelated controls.

In family R27, heteroduplex analysis followed by sequencing of the PCR products of an affected child revealed a two base pair deletion in exon 19 (Figure. 6 and table 4). One AC out of three is missing at this position of the sequence, producing a stop codon at position 2069 of the cDNA sequence (Figure 4).

#### b) Amish families

As expected, due to multiple consanguineous links, the examined LGMD2A Northern Indiana Amish patients were homozygous for the haplotype on the chromosome bearing the mutant allele (Allamand, submitted). A (G->A) missense mutation was identified at nucleotide 2306 within exon 22 (Fig. 7). The

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resulting codon change is CGG to CAG, transforming Arg<sup>769</sup> to glutamine. This residue, which is conserved throughout all members of the calpain family in all species, is located in domain IV of the protein within the 3rd EF-hand at the helix-loop junction (ref). This mutation was encountered in a homozygous state in all patients from 12 chromosome 15-linked Amish families, in agreement with the haplotype analysis. We also screened six Southern Indiana Amish LGMD families, for which the chromosome 15 locus was excluded by linkage analyses (Allamand ESHG, submitted, ASHG 94). As expected, this nucleotide change was not present in any of the patients from these families, thus confirming the genetic heterogeneity of this disease in this genetically related isolate.

### c) Brazilian families

As a result of consanguineous marriages, two Brazilian families (B501, B519) are homozygous for extended LGMD2A carrier haplotypes (data not shown). Sequencing PCR products from affected individuals of these families demonstrated that family B501 has the same exon 22 mutation found in northern Indiana Amish patients (Figure 7), but embedded in a completely different haplotype. In family B519, the patients carry a C to T transition in exon 2, replacing Arg<sup>328</sup> with a TGA stop codon (Figure 7), thus leading, presumably, to a very truncated protein (Figure 4).

# d) Analysis of other LGMD families

Having validated the role of the candidate gene in the chromosome 15 ascertained families, we next examined by heteroduplex analysis LGMD families for which linkage data were not informative. These included one Brazilian (B505) and 13 metropolitan French pedigrees.

Heteroduplex bands were revealed for exons 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 11, 22 of one or more patients (Figure 6). Of all sequence variants, 10 were identified as possible pathogenic mutations (5 missense, 1 nonsense and 4 frameshift mutations) and 3 as polymorphisms with no change of amino acid of the protein. All causative mutations identified are listed in Table 4 here-above. Identical mutations were uncovered in apparently unrelated families. The mutations shared by families M35 and M37, and M2888 and M1394, respectively, are likely to be the consequence of independent events since they are embedded in different marker haplotypes. In contrast, it is likely that the point mutation in exon

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22 of the Amish and in the M32 kindreds corresponds to the same mutational event as both chromosomes share a common four marker haplotype (774G4A1-774G4A10-774G454D-774G4A2) around nCL1 (data not shown), possibly reflecting a common ancestor. The same holds true for the AG to TCATCT substitution mutation encountered in exon 22 in families B505 and R14. The exon 8 (T->G) transversion is present in the two carrier chromosomes of M2407, the only metropolitan family homozygous by haplotype, possibly reflecting an undocumented consanguinity. For some families, no disease-causing mutation has been detected thus far (M40 for example).

In addition to the polymorphism present in exon 13 in families R14 and R17 (position 668) and in the intragenic microsatellites, four additional neutral variations were detected: a (T->C) transition at position 96, abolishing a *Ddel* restriction site in exon 1 in M31; a (C->T) transition in exon 3 (position 495) in M40 and in M37 forming a haplotype with the exon 5 mutation (in the former family, this polymorphism does not cosegregate with the disease); a (T->C) transition in the paternally derived promotor in M42 at position -428, which was also evidenced in healthy controls; and a variable poly(G) in intron 22 close to the splice site in families R20, R11, R19, M35 and M37. The latter is also present in the members of the CEPH families, but is not useful as a genetic marker as the visualisation and interpretation of mononucleotide repeat alleles is difficult.

In total, sixteen independent mutational events representing fourteen different mutations were identified. All mutations cosegregate with the disease in LGMD2A families. The characterised morbid calpain alleles contain nucleotide changes which were not found in alleles from normal individual. The discovery of two nonsense and five frameshift mutations in nCL1 supports the hypothesis that a deficiency of this product causes LGMD2A. All seven mutations result in a premature in-frame stop codon, leading to the production of truncated and presumably inactive proteins (Figure 4). Evidences for the morbidity of the missense mutations come from (1) the relative high incidence of such mutations among LGMD2A patients; although it is difficult in the absence of functional assays to differentiate between a polymorphism and a morbid mutation, the occurrence of different "missense" mutations in this gene cannot all be

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accounted for as rare private polymorphisms: (2) the failure to observe these mutations in control chromosomes, and (3) the occurrence of mutations in evolutionarily conserved residues and/or in regions of documented functional importance. Four of seven missense mutations change an amino acid which is conserved in all known members of the calpain family in all species (Figure 3). Two of the remaining mutations affect less conserved amino acid residues, but are located in important functional domains. The substitution V354G in exon 8 is 4 residues before the asparagine at the active site and S744G in exon 21 is within the loop of the second EF-hand and may impair the calcium-dependent regulation of calpain activity or the interaction with a small subunit (Figure 4). Several missense mutations change a hydrophobic residue to a polar one, or vice versa (Table 4) possibly disrupting higher order structures.

METHODS

#### Description of the patients

The LGMD2A families analysed were from 4 different geographic origins. They included 3 Brazilian families, 13 interrelated nuclear families from the Isle of la Réunion, 10 French metropolitan families and 12 US Amish families. The majority of these families were previously ascertained to belong to the chromosome 15 group by linkage analysis (Beckmann, 1991; Young, Passos-Bueno et al., 1993). However, some families from metropolitan France as well as one Brazilian family, B505, had non significant lodscores for chromosome 15. Genomic DNA was obtained from peripheral blood lymphocytes.

# Sequencing of cosmid c774G4-1F11 and EcoRI restriction map of cosmids.

Cosmid 1F11 (Figure 1C) was subcloned following DNA preparation through Qiagen procedure (Qiagen Inc., USA) and partial digestion with either Sau3A, Rsal or Alul. Size-selected restriction fragments were recovered fom low-melting agarose and eventually ligated with M13 or Bluescript (Stratagene, USA) vectors. After electroporation in E.coli, recombinant colonies were picked in 100 µl of LB/ampicillin media. PCR reactions were performed on 1 µl of the culture in 10 mM Tris-HCl, pH 9.0, 50 mM KCl, 1.5 mM MgCl2, 0.1% Triton X-100, 0.01 gelatine, 200µM of each dNTP, 1 U of Taq Polymerase (Amersham) with 100 ng of each vectors primers. Amplification was initiated by 5 min denaturation at 95°C, followed by 30 cycles of 40 sec denaturation at 92°C and 30 sec annealing

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at 50°C. PCR products were purified through Microcon devices (Amicon, USA) and sequenced using the dideoxy chain termination method on an ABI sequencer (Applied Biosystems, Foster City, USA). The sequences were analysed and alignments performed using the XBAP software of the Staden package, version 93.9 (Staden, 1982). Gaps between sequence contigs were filled by walking with internal primers. *EcoRI* restriction map of cosmids was performed essentially as described in Sambrook et al. (1989).

#### Northern Blot analysis

The probes were labelled by random priming with dCTP-(a<sup>32</sup>P). Hybridisation was performed to human multiple tissue northern blots as recommended by the manufacturer (Clontech, USA).

# Analysis of PCR products from LGMD2A families

One hundred ng of human DNA were used per PCR under the buffer and cycle conditions described in Fougerousse (1994) (annealing temperature shown in Table 3). Heteroduplex analysis (Keene et al., 1991) was performed by electrophoresis of ten µl of PCR products on a 1.5 mm-thick Hydrolink MDE gels (Bioprobe) at 500-600 volt for 12-15 h depending of the fragment length. Migration profile was visualised under UV after ethidium bromide staining.

For sequence analysis, the PCR products were subjected to dye-dideoxy sequencing, after purification through microcon devices (Amicon, USA). When necessary, depending on the nature of the mutations (e.g., frameshift mutation or for some heterozygotes), the PCR products were cloned using the TA cloning kit from Invitrogen (UK). One µl of product was ligated to 25 ng of vector at 12°C overnight. After electroporation into XL1-blue bacteria, several independent clones were analysed by PCR and sequenced as described above.

The invention results from the finding that the nCL1 gene when it is mutated is involved in the etiology of LGMD2A. It is exactly the contrary to what is stated in the litterature, e.g. that the disease is accompanied by the presence of a deregulated calpain. Identification of nCL1 as the defective gene in LGMD2A represents the first example of muscular dystrophy caused by mutation affecting a gene which is not a structural component of muscle tissue, in contrast with previously identified muscular dystrophies such as Duchenne and Becker (Bonilla et al., 1988), severe childhood autosomal recessive (Matsumara et al.,

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1992), Fukuyama (Matsumara et al., 1993) and merosin-deficient congenital muscular dystrophies (Tomé et al., 1994).

The understanding of the LGMD2A phenotype needs to take into account the fact that there is no active nCL1 protein in several patients, a loss compatible with the recessive manifestation of this disease. Simple models in which this protease would be involved in the degradation or destabilisation of structural components of the cytoskeleton, extracellular matrix or dystrophin complex can therefore be ruled out. Furthermore, there are no signs of such alterations by immunocytogenetic studies on LGMD2 muscle biopsies (Matsumara et al., 1993; Tomé et al., 1994). Likewise, since LGMD2A myofibers are apparently not different from other dystrophic ones, it seems unlikely that this calpain plays a role in myoblast fusion, as proposed for ubiquitous calpains (Wang et al., 1989).

All the data disclosed in these examples confirm that the nCL1 gene is a major gene involved in the disease when mutated.

The fact that morbidity results from the loss of an enzymatic activity raises hopes for novel pharmaco-therapeutic prospects. The availability of transgenic models will be an invaluable tool for these investigations.

The invention is also relative to the use of a nucleic acid or a sequence of nucleic acid of the invention, or to the use of a protein coded by the nucleic acid for the manufacturing of a drug in the prevention or treatment of LGMD2.

The finding that a defective calpain underlies the pathogenesis of LGMD2A may prove useful for the identification of the other loci involved in the LGMDs. Other forms of LGMD may indeed be caused by mutations in genes whose products are the CANP substrates or in genes involved in the regulation of nCL1 expression. Techniques such as the two-hybrid selection system (Fields et al., 1989) could lend themselves to the isolation of the natural protein substrate(s) of this calpain, and thus potentially help to identify other LGMD loci.

The invention also relates to the use of all or a part of the peptidic sequence of the enzyme, or of the enzyme, product of nCL1 gene, for the screening of the ligands of this enzyme, which might be also involved in the etiology and the morbidity of LGMD2

The ligands which might be involved are for example substrate(s), activators or inhibitors of the enzyme.

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The nucleic acids of the invention might also be used in a screening method for the determination of the components which may act on the regulation of the gene expression.

A process of screening using either the enzyme or a host recombinant cell, containing the nCL1 gene and expressing the enzyme, is also a part of the invention.

The pharmacological methods, and the use of nucleic acid and peptidic sequences of the invention are very potent applications.

The methods used for such screenings of ligands or regulatory elements are those described for example for the screening of ligands using cloned receptors.

The identification of mutations in the nCL1 gene provides the means for direct prenatal or presymptomatic diagnosis and carrier detection in families in which both mutations have been identified. Gene-based accurate classification of LGMD2A families should prove useful for the differential diagnosis of this disorder.

The invention relates to a method of detection of a predisposition to LGMD2 in a family or a human being, such method comprising the steps of :

- selecting one or more exons or flanking sequences which are sensitive in said family,
- selecting the primers specific for the or these exons or their flanking sequences, a specific example being the PCR primers of Table 3, or an hybrid thereof,
- amplifying the nucleic acid sequence, the substrate for this amplification being the DNA of the human being to be checked for the predisposition, and
- comparing the amplified sequence to the corresponding sequence derived from Figure 2 or Figure 8.

Table 2 indicates the sequences of the introns-exons junctions, and primers comprising in their structure these junctions are also included in the invention.

All other primers suitable for such RNA or DNA amplification may be used in the method of the invention.

In the same way, any suitable amplification method: PCR (for Polymerase Chain Reaction ®) NASBA ® (for Nucleic acid Sequence Based Amplification), or others might be used.

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The methods usually used in the detection of one site mutations, like ASO (Allele specific PCR), LCR, or ARMS (Amplification Refactory Mutation System) may be implemented with the specific primers of the invention.

The primers, such as described in Tables 1 and 3, or including junctions of Table 2, or more generally including the flanking sequences of one of the 24 exons are also a part of the invention.

The kit for the detection of a predisposition to LGMD2 by nucleic acid amplification is also in the scope of the invention, such a kit comprises a least PCR primers selected from the group of :

- a) in those described in table 1
- b) in those described in table 3
- c) those including the introns-exons junctions of Table 2.
- d) derived from primers defined in a),b) or c).

The nucleic acid sequence of claim 1 to 3 might be inserted in a viral or a retroviral vector, said vector being able to transfect a packaging cell line.

The packaging transfected cell line, might be used as a drug for gene therapy of LGMD2.

The treatment of LGMD2 disease by gene therapy is implemented by a pharmaceutical composition containing a component selected from the group of :

- a) a nucleic acid sequence according to claims 1 to 4,
- b) a cell line according to claim 24,
- c) an aminoacid sequence according to claims 5 to 9.

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## CLAIMS

- 1. A nucleic acid sequence comprising:
  - 1) the sequence represented in Figure 8; or
  - 2) the sequence represented in Figure 2; or
- 3) a part of the sequence of Figure 2 with the proviso that it is able to code for a protein having a calcium dependant protease activity involved in a LGMD2 disease; or
  - 4) a sequence derived from a sequence defined in 1), 2) or 3) by substitution, deletion or addition of one or more nucleotides with the proviso that said sequence still codes for said protease.
  - 2. A nucleic acid sequence that is complementary to a nucleic acid sequence according to claim 1.
- 3. A nucleic acid sequence comprising in its structure a nucleotidic sequence according to claim 1 or 2, under the control of regulatory elements, and involved in the expression of calpaïn activity in a LGMD2 disease.
- 4. A nucleic acid sequence encoding the aminoacid sequence represented in Figure 2.
- 5. An amino acid sequence which is coded by a nucleic acid sequence according to claims 1 to 4, characterized in that it is a calcium dependent protease enzyme belonging to the calpaïn family, involved in the etiology of LGMD2.
- 6. An aminoacid sequence according to claim 5 or 6, characterized in that either it contains the sequence such as represented in Figure 2, or the amino acid sequence of Figure 2 modified by deletion, insertion and/or replacement of one or more amino acids with the proviso that such aminoacid sequence has the calpaïn activity involved in LGMD2 disease.
- 7. An amino acid sequence according to claim 5 or 6, characterized in that LGMD2 is LGMD2A.
- 8. A host cell unable to express a calpaïn enzyme activity, characterized in that it is transformed or transfected with a nucleic acid sequence comprising all or part of the nucleic acid sequence according to any one of claims 1 to 4.

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- 9. Use of a nucleic acid according to one of claims 1 to 4 or a host cell according to claim 8 in the manufacturing of a drug for the prevention or the treatment of an LGMD2 disease.
- 10. Use of an amino acid sequence according to claims 5 to 6 in the manufacturing of a drug for the prevention or the treatment of an LGMD2 disease.
- 11. Use according to claims 10 or 11, characterized in that LGMD2 is LGMD2A.
- 12. Use of an amino acid sequence according to claims 5 to 7 for the screening of the ligands of said amino acid sequence, said ligand being selected in a group consisting of substrate(s), co-factors or regulatory components.
  - 13. Use of a nucleic acid sequence according to one of claims 1 to 4 in a screening method for the determination of the components which may act on the regulation of gene expression of calpain.
- 14. Use of an host cell according to claim 8 in a screening method for the determination of components active on the expression of the calpain.
- 15. A method for detecting of a predisposition to a LGMD2 disease in a family or a human being, such method comprising the steps of :
  - selecting one or more exons or their flanking sequences of the gene,
- selecting primers specific for these exons, or their flanking sequences, or an hybrid thereof,
- amplifying the nucleic acid sequences with these primers, the substrate for this amplification being the DNA of a human being; and
- comparing the amplified sequence to the corresponding sequence derived from Figure 2 or Figure 8.
- 16. The method according to claim 15, characterized in that the primers are those selected from the group of :
  - a) those described in Table 1;
  - b) those described in Table 3; and
  - c) those including the introns-exons junctions of Table 2;
  - d) those derived from the primers in a), b), or c).
- 17. The method according to claim 15 or 16, characterized in that LGMD2 is LGMD2A.

- 18. A kit for the detection of a predisposition to LGMD2 by nucleic and amplification characterized in that it comprises primers selected from the group of:
  - a) those described in Table 1;
- b) those described in Table 3; and
  - c) those including the introns-exons junctions of Table 2;
  - d) those derived from the primers in a), b) or c).
  - 19. Use of a host cell according to claim 8 in a manufacturing of a drug for gene therapy of an LGMD2 disease.
- 20. Pharmaceutical composition for the treatment of an LGMD2 disease characterized in that in contains a component selected from the group of :
  - a) a nucleic acid sequence according to claims 1 to 4,
  - b) a host cell according to claim 8,
  - c) an aminoacid sequence according to claims 5 to 7.

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Attorney's Docket No. 960629									
Applicant or Patentee: BECKMANN Jacques & RICHARD Isabelle									
Serial or Patent No.: 0 /									
Filed or Issued:									
For: LGMD GENE CODING FOR A CALCIUM DEPENDENT PROTEASE.									
VERIFIED STATEMENT (DECLARATION) CLAIMING SMALL ENTITY STATUS (37 CFR 1.9(f) and 1.27(c))—SMALL BUSINESS CONCERN									
I hereby declare that I am									
☐ the owner of the small business concern identified below:									
an official of the small business concern empowered to act on behalf of the concern identified below:									
NAME OF CONCERN ASSOCIATION FRANCAISE CONTRE LES MYOPATHIES									
ADDRESS OF CONCERN 13 place de Rungis - F - 75013 PARIS (France)									
business concern as defined in 13 CFR 121.3-18, and reproduced in 37 CFR 1.9(d), for purposes of paying reduced fees under Section 41(a) and (b) of Title 35, United States Code, in that the number of employees of the concern, including those of its affiliates, does not exceed 500 persons. For purposes of this statement, (1) the number of employees of the business concern is the average over the previous fiscal year of the concern of the persons employed on a full-time, part-time or temporary basis during each of the pay periods of the fiscal year, and (2) concerns are affiliates of each other when either, directly or indirectly, one concern controls or has the power to control the other, or a third-party or parties controls or has the power to control both.  I hereby declare that rights under contract or law have been conveyed, to and remain with the small business concern identified above with regard to the invention, entitled   LGMD GENE CODING FOR A CALCIUM DEPENDENT PROTEASE.  by inventor(s)   BECKMANN Jacques									
RICHARD Isabelle									
described in									
the specification filed herewith.									
application serial no. 0 /, filed									
patent no, issued									
If the rights held by the above identified small business concern are not exclusive, each individual, concern or organization having rights in the invention is listed below* and no rights to the invention are held by any person, other than the inventor, who would not qualify as an independent inventor under 37 CFR 1.9(c) if that person made the invention, or by any concern which would not qualify as a small business concern under 37 CFR 1.9(d) or									

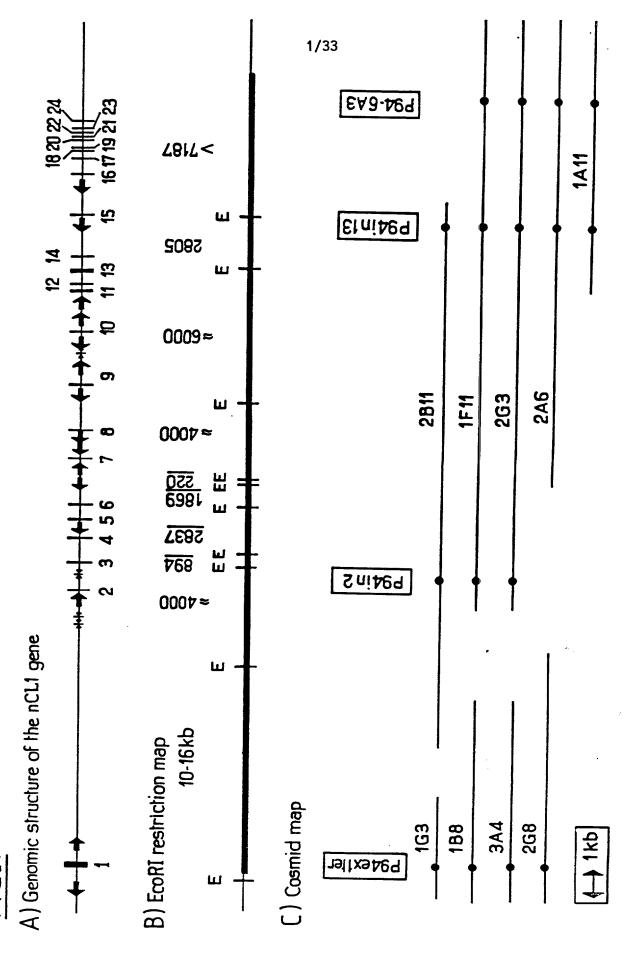
\*NOTE: Separate verified statements are required from each named person, concern or organization having rights to the invention averring to their status as small entities. (37 CFR 1.27).

a nonprofit organization under 37 CFR 1.9(e).

NAME	
	☐ SMALL BUSINESS CONCERN ☐ NONPROFIT ORGANIZATION
☐ INDIVIE	JAL   SMALL BUSINESS CONCERN   NONPROFIT
of paying, the earli	duty to file, in this application or patent, notification of any change ass of entitlement to small entity status prior to paying, or at the timest of the issue fee or any maintenance fee due after the date on which usiness entity is no longer appropriate. (37 CFR 1.28(b)).
all statements mad statements were m are punishable by f States Code, and	t all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that thes de with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the Unite hat such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the ent issuing thereon, or any patent to which this verified statement is
NAME OF PERSO	SIGNING
	OTHER THAN OWNER
	ON SIGNING
SIGNATURE	Date le 24.05.97

Vice-Président.

Michel PIGNOLET



SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

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FIG. 2/

# FIG. 2B/1

3/33 1 10 30 30 30 10 30 ATGCCCACCACGCCCAGGCCCAGGCCCAGGCCCAGGCCCAGGCCCAGAGGCCAAGGCCACTGAGGCTGAGGCGGGGGAAACCCAAGT H P T V I S A S V A P R T A A E P R S P G P V P H P A Q S K A T E A G G G N P S CCACCGGÁTGAGACCICTCTTTTATÁGCCAGAAGTTCCCCATCCAGTTCGTCTGGAAGACCTCCGGAAATTTGCGAGAATCCCCGÁTTTATCATTGATGGAGCCAÁCAGAACTGAC P P D E T S L F Y S Q K F P I O F V W K R P P E I C E N P R F I I D G A N R T D FOGAGTGCTCTGCTGGAAAAGGCTTATGCTAAGGTCCATGGTTCCTAAAAGGTGGGAACACCACAAGGCCATGGAGGACTTCACAGGAGGGGTGGCAAGTTTTTTAAG ATCTGTCAAGGAGGTAAGGGACTGCTGCGCAGCCATTGCCTGACCCTGAACCAGCATCTTTTCCGAGTCATACCGATGATTCAAAGTTTCATCGAAAACTACGCA TATCAGGATITCATCTACCATITCACAAAGTIGGAAGCICACGGCCGAIGCTCTGCAGGTCTGACAGCTTCAGACCTGGACAGGTGTCTGTGAAACGAAGGGCCGCTGGGTACGG Y E D F 1 X H F T K L E 1 C N L T A D A L Q S D K L Q T W T V S V N E G R H V R 103 1250 150 270 870 **SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)** 

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ANGGATGGAGATGGTATCAAGCTCAACGTTCTGGAGTGGCTGCAGCTCACCATGTATGCCTGA K D G D G I I K L N V L E W L Q L T H Y A

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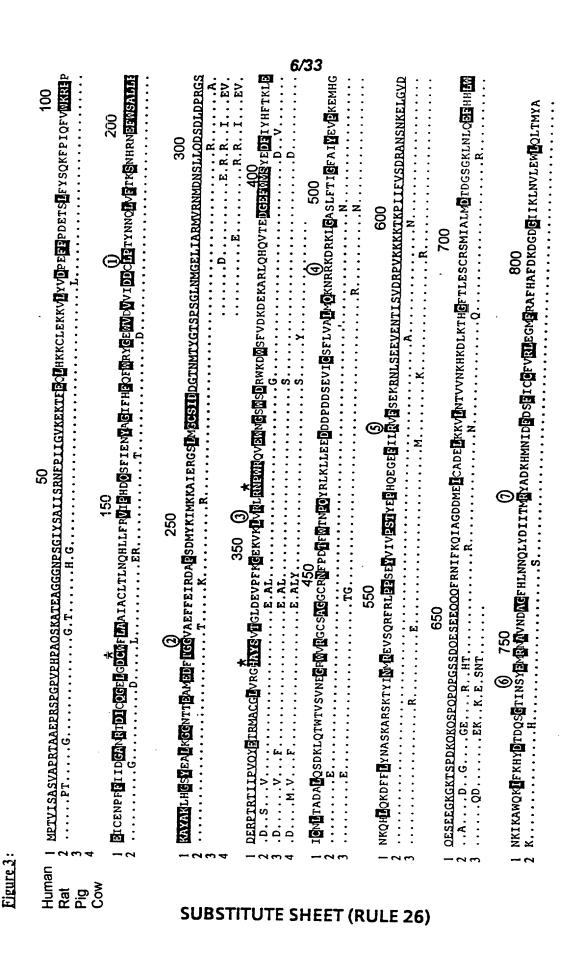
# **2B/2** FIG.

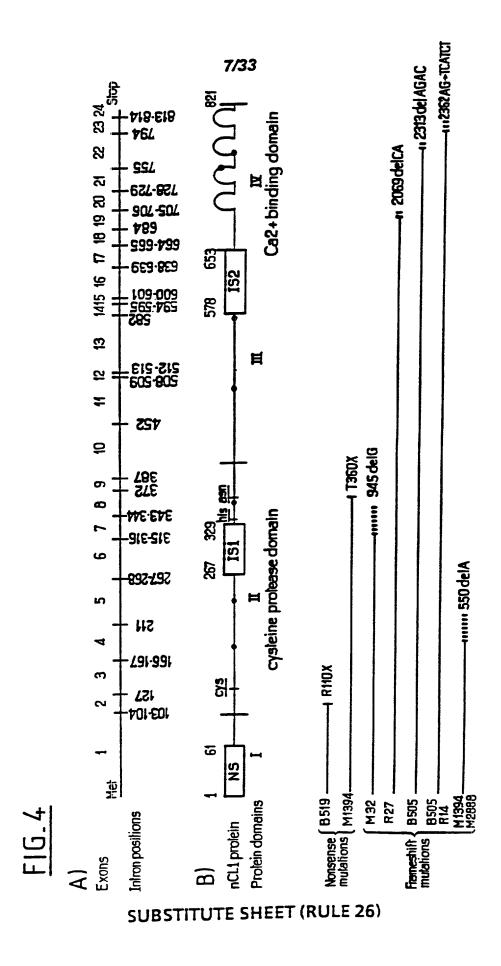
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SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RIII F 26)

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FIG. 2C





heart
brain
placenta
lung
liver
skeletal muscle
kidney

3.6 kb -

FIG. 5

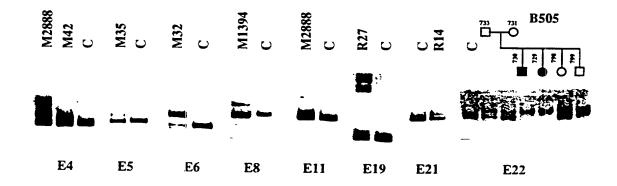
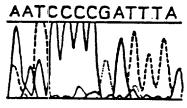


FIG. 6



A) EXON 2

Normal sequence



B519 CGA -> TGA Arg110 Stop

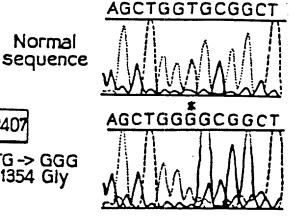




GTG -> GGG Va1354 Gly

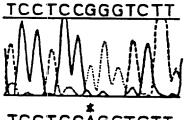
B) EXON 8

Normal



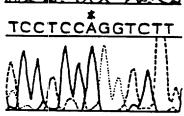
C) EXON 13

Normal sequence



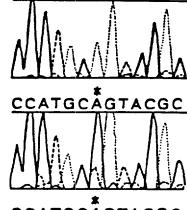
CGG -> CAG Arg 572 Gin

R 12



D) EXON 22

Normal sequence

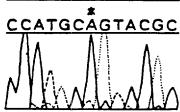


CCATGCGGTACGC

CGG-> CAG Arg769 Gin

Amish

B 501 CGG -> CAG Arg 769 Gln



#### LISTE DE SEQUENCES

(1)	INFOR	MOITAM	GENERAL	LE:
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- (i) DEPOSANT:
  - (A) NOM: AFM
  - (B) RUE: 13, place de Rungis
  - (C) VILLE: PARIS
  - (E) PAYS: FRANCE
  - (F) CODE POSTAL: 75013
  - (G) TELEPHONE: (1) 45 65 13 00
- (ii) TITRE DE L' INVENTION: LGMD GENE
- (iii) NOMBRE DE SEQUENCES: 4
- (iv) FORME LISIBLE PAR ORDINATEUR:
  - (A) TYPE DE SUPPORT: Floppy disk
  - (B) ORDINATEUR: IBM PC compatible
  - (C) SYSTEME D' EXPLOITATION: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
  - (D) LOGICIEL: PatentIn Release #1.0, Version #1.25 (OEB)
- (2) INFORMATION POUR LA SEQ ID NO: 1:
  - (i) CARACTERISTIQUES DE LA SEQUENCE:
    - (A) LONGUEUR: 3018 paires de bases
    - (B) TYPE: acide nucléique
    - (C) NOMBRE DE BRINS: double
    - (D) CONFIGURATION: linéaire
  - (ii) TYPE DE MOLECULE: ADN (génomique)
  - (xi) DESCRIPTION DE LA SEQUENCE: SEQ ID NO: 1:

TGATAGGTGC	TTGTAAACTG	TGCTTAACGA	AAACATACCG	TGTGCTGTAG	GGACTTAACT	60
CTTGTTTATA	TCAGTTAGCC	TGGTTTCGCT	AACAGTACAT	CATTTTGCTT	AAAGTCACAG	120
CTTACGAGAA	CCTATCGATG	ATGTTAAGTG	AGGATTTTCT	CTGCTCAGGT	GCACTTTTTT	180
TTTTTTTTAA	GACGGAGTCT	CTTTCTGTCA	CCTGGGCTGG	AGTGCAGTGG	CGTGATCTGG	240
GTTCACAACA	ACCTCTGCCT	CCTGGGTTCA	AGCAATTCTT	CTGTCTCAGC	CTCCCAAGTA	300
GCTGGGATTA	CAGGCACCCG	CCGCCACACC	CGGCTTATTT	TTGTATTTTT	AGTAGAGACA	360
GGGTTTCACT	ATTGTTGACC	ATGCTGGTCT	CGAACTCGTG	ACCTCATGTG	ATCCACCCGC	420
CTCGGCCTCC	CAAAGTGCAG	AGATTAGAGA	CGTGAGCCAC	ATGGCCCAGC	AGGACCACTT	480

FIG 8A/1

TTTAGCAGAT	TCAGTCCCAG	TGTTCATTTT	GTGGATGGGG	AGAGACAAGA	GGTGCAAGGT	540
CAAGTGTGCA	GGTAGAGACA	GGGATTTTCT	CAAATGAGGA	CTCTGCTGAG	TAGCATTTTC	600
CATGCAGACA	TTTCCAATGA	GCGCTGACCC	AAGAACATTC	TAAAAAGATA	CCAAATCTAA	660
CATTGAATAA	TGTTCTGATA	TCCTAAAATT	TTAGGACTAA	AAATCATGTT	CTCTAAAATT	720
CACAGAATAT	TTTTGTAGAA	TTCAGTACCT	CCCGTTCACC	CTAACTAGCT	TTTTTGCAAT	780
ATTGTTTTCC	ATTCATTTGA	TGGGCAGTAG	TTGGGTGGTC	TGTATAACTG	CCTACTCAAT	840
AACATGTCAG	CAGTTCTCAG	CTTCTTTCCA	GTGTTCACCT	TACTCAGATA	CTCCCTTTTC	900
ATTTTCTGTC	AACACCAGCA	CTTCATGTCA	ACAGAAATGT	CCCTAGCCAG	GTTCTCTCTC	960
TACCATGCAG	TCTCTCTTGC	TCTCATACTC	ACAGTGTTTC	TTCACATCTA	TTTTTAGTTT	1020
TCCTGGCTCA	AGCATCTTCA	GGCCACTGAA	ACACAACCCT	CACTCTCTTT	CTCTCTCCCT	1080
CTGGCATGCA	TGCTGCTGGT	AGGAGACCCC	CAAGTCAACA	TTGCTTCAGA	AATCCTTTAG	1140
CACTCATTTC	TCAGGAGAAC	TTATGGCTTC	AGAATCACAG	CTCGGTTTTT	AAGATGGACA	1200
TAACCTGTCC	GACCTTCTGA	TGGGCTTTCA	ACTITGAACT	GGATGTGGAC	ACTTTTCTCT	1260
CAGATGACAG	AATTACTCCA	ACTTCCCCTT	TGCAGTTGCT	TCCTTTCCTT	GAAGGTAGCT	1320
GTATCTTATT	TTCTTTAAAA	AGCTTTTTCT	TCCAAAGCCA	CTTGCCATGC	CGACCGTCAT	1380
TAGCGCATCT	GTGGCTCCAA	GGACAGCGGC	TGAGCCCCGG	TCCCCAGGGC	CAGTTCCTCA	1440
CCCGGCCCAG	AGCAAGGCCA	CTGAGGCTGG	GGGTGGAAAC	CCAAGTGGCA	TCTATTCAGC	1500
CATCATCAGC	CGCAATTTTC	CTATTATCGG	AGTGAAAGAG	AAGACATTCG	AGCAACTTCA	1560
CAAGAAATGT	CTAGAAAAGA	AAGTTCTTTA	TGTGGACCCT	GAGTTCCCAC	CGGATGAGAC	1620
CTCTCTCTTT	TATAGCCAGA	AGTTCCCCAT	CCAGTTCGTC	TGCAAGAGAC	TCCGCTGAGT	1680
AGCTTCCTGC	TTGCTGGCTG	GGTTTCCCCC	CCACGGAGGA	GTCCTCTCAC	TCAGCACCTC	1740
CGGCAGCTCA	GCTGTGCACA	TGGGCACTGG	GGGAAGGATC	CTGGCAGCAG	CTCTGCTGGG	1800
CTCTGTCTTT	AAGTGTGAAG	CAGGGAGGAG	AGGAACAGGT	CTCAGATATT	TCACCAAATC	1860
TCAGCAAAAT	CCAGAGGGAG	AGCGCAGGAG	GTGGGGTGAT	TCTTATGCTC	TGGCTCTTTC	1920
TCTCTGAAAA	AAAAAAAA	ATCTTGCTTT	TTATAAAAGT	GGGTGGAACT	CAGTTTAATT	1980
CATCCTGTAA	TATAAATAAA	TCCTTTCTCA	GAACAAATTC	CAGACAGCCC	AGATGTACCT	2040
GTTCGTTTTA	ATATTATTCA	TCTTGGTAAG	ATTATTTCAG	TTTCTCTGGC	TAAAATCATG	2100

FIG 8A/2

### **SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)**



ATGTTATTCT	TCTTTAATTT	ACCAATGGCC	ATTCTTTCTC	AAACACAGAA	ACCCTAGAAA	2160
GAGAAGAGTO	ATAGGCAAGG	AATTTTTTTC	ATGCATAAAA	TGTTGGGGTT	AAAGAGAGAG	2220
AGACCTAGCA	ATCGCTTTGG	TCCACCTACC	TCACCTCATA	AGTGAGGAGT	CAAGGCACAC	2280
TAGAGTGAAA	TATATCTAGT	GGGCACATGA	CAGAGCCCGG	ATTAAAACTT	TGTTTTAGGA	2340
AACTCTCCCA	GCCTCTGGGT	TTCATTTACA	GTGATCGCCA	GGAGGGAAAT	CACATTCCCC	2400
TGGCTCACCT	CTCTGATCAT	CCCTCCAGTG	TGACTCTTGT	TCTTAATTCG	AGAAATATTT	2460
ATTGAGCATC	TACTAGTGCC	AGCACTGGGC	AAGCAACTGG	GGGGACAGCA	GTGAGTAAGA	2520
AAGACCAAAA	TTCCAGCTGT	CTTGGAACCT	AGGGTCCTGA	AGGGAAGATG	GGCATTGAAC	2580
AAGAGTGACA	TTGTCAGGAG	ACGATGTTCT	GGGTGCCACA	GGATCATGTG	GCAAGGAGAG	2640
CTAACCTGGT	CCAGGGAGAC	AAACCCTCTC	TGAGGAAATG	ATGACAAGCT	GAGACCCAAT	2700
ACTATTGATT	AGCCATGGTT	TTCTTTAACC	TAAGGTGGGC	CAGGCATGGT	GGCTCATGCC	2760
TATAAACCCA	GCATTTTGGA	AGGCCCAGGC	TGGAGGATTG	CTTGAGCCCA	AGAGTTAGAG	2820
ACCAGCCTGG	GCAACAGGGT	GAAAACCTAT	CTCTTTTGTA	CTAAAAATTC	AAAAAATTAT	2880
CCAGGCATGG	TGGCACATGC	CTGTGGTCCT	AGCTACTCAG	AGGCTGAGGT	GGGAAGATCA	2940
CTTGAACTCG	GGGAGTTTGA	GGCAGCAGTG	AGCCGAGATC	ATGCCACTGC	ACTCCAGGCT	3000
GGGTGACAGG	AGTGAGAC					3018

- (2) INFORMATION POUR LA SEQ ID NO: 2:
  - (i) CARACTERISTIQUES DE LA SEQUENCE:
    - (A) LONGUEUR: 11451 paires de bases
    - (B) TYPE: acide nucléique
    - (C) NOMBRE DE BRINS: double
    - (D) CONFIGURATION: linéaire
  - (ii) TYPE DE MOLECULE: ADN (génomique)

#### (xi) DESCRIPTION DE LA SEQUENCE: SEQ ID NO: 2:

GATCCACCCG	CCTTGGCCTC	CCAAAGTGCT	GAGATTACAG	GTGTGAGCCA	CCACGCCCAG	60
CCGACACTGC	CCTAACTCTC	AAGTTGCATC	CTTACTCGAA	TAGTATGACA	GTGTGGGAAG	120
CAGCATGGGA	CAATGTAAAA	AGGAGGCATG	TTTCTGGCTT	CTGCTACTTA	CTAGCTGTGT	180
GTCTTTGCAC	GAGTTTCTTA	ACCTCTCTGG	GCCTCAGTTT	CCTTATCTGA	AAAATAACAA	240
TGATAGTATT	CCCTTCACAG	GGCCAAATGG	AATACTATCA	GGAACACTAC	ATAATGGAAC	300
TCAATAAATA	ATAGCTACTG	CGGCCGGGCG	CGCTGGCTCA	CATCTGTAAT	CCCAGCACTT	360
TGGGAGGCCG	AGGCGGGTGG	ATCACAAGGT	CAAGAGATGG	AGACCATCCT	GGCCAACATG	420
GTGAAACCGT	ATCTCTACTA	AAGATACAAA	AATTAGCTGG	GCATGGTGGC	GCATGCCTAT	480
AGTCCCAGCT	ACTCGAGAGG	CTGAGGCAGG	AGAATCACTT	GAACCCCGGA	GGCAGAGGTT	540
TCAGTGAGCC	AAGATTGCAC	CAGTGCACTG	CAGCCTGGCG	ACAGAGTGAG	ACTCCGTCTC	600
AAAAAAATAC	CTATCTATCT	ATCTGTCTAT	CTACTGTTAT	TCTTACCTGG	TCATTTCCTT	660
TTTGTTTCAC	AGGAAATTTG	CGAGAATCCC	CGATTTATCA	TTGATGGAGC	CAACAGAACT	720
GACATCTGTC	AAGGAGAGCT	AGGTAGGAAA	GTGCCTCAGG	TCAGATCCTG	CCAGATGATC	780
AAGGGGTGAT	TACAAGGTGT	GATCCCCTTC	CAGGAGGTAA	AGGGACAATC	TGTGCTTGCT	840
TCCAGTAACT	TTTTGGAAGA	TTTTTTATAA	CAGTTGCTTT	ATGGTCGTTT	ATCTACATGC	900
TGGCGATTGC	TTCATTTCCT	CCTACATGCC	TCTTTAGCAC	TCTGCCATGC	ATCACAGGGG	960
GTATCTGCAT	CCTGTGGCCT	CCTCTCCAGT	ATCTCAAGGA	CACTTACATA	CCCCACTCAG	1020
CATGACAAAA	GCCCTGCTTT	TCACTGTATC	GTCTTTCTTG	GAAGACAGCT	CTGTGACTGT	1080
GCACCAAGCA	TGCCCCTTGG	GCATGGAGAT	TCTAGATACA	CACACAAAAG	GCATCGCCAA	1140
GGAAAGCACT	TGTAACTGGA	ACCCTTGGTT	TAAATTGGCC	CAGCATAGCT	CCATCTTTAA	1200

FIG.8/BI



AAGAGTCTTT	CCACAAAGAT	GGCATCCGCC	ATGTGGATGA	GCATCCAATT	TTCTCTTTGA	1260
TTGGTTAGCT	TGACTGCTCC	ATCTGATCTT	CCTCTCTCTC	GACCTCTTGT	TCAGAAAGTA	1320
TTGTCTTTGG	TGTGGACTAT	AAGCAAGCTC	TGTGAAGTAA	AATTGGAGAG	AACACCAACA	1380
GAAACAATTT	AAATTTGAGG	AAAAGGGGGC	ACCTAAGACC	AAAGGAATTT	GGCTTATTTC	1440
ATTCCAGAAG	GGGAGGCTGA	GAATAAATCA	GATGAATATC	TEGETTCCTE	CACCTGAGGG	1500
AAGGCTTCCT	GCAGAGCCCT	GGGCATAATA	ATCTGGGACC	TTCAAACCAA	TAACCTCTTT	1560
TCCAAGGAAA	GACTGGCTGC	TTCCAAGGAG	GGTAGGGGAG	AGTCGGGCTG	CAGGCAGCTC	1620
TCAAGTCTCC	CCTTGCACAC	TCTCAGGTTG	GCATTTTCAC	TTTAACCCAT	CCTCCCTTAA	1680
GAAGGCAGTT	CTTTGTGACC	AGGGTACACC	CCCTATTATA	TATATATATA	CACACACAGA	1740
GAGAGAGAGA	GAGAGAGA	GAGAGAAAGA	GAGCAAAGTG	TTACCTCCAA	CTACATACAG	1800
TACTCTGTCA	GAAAAGAGGT	TCAGAGAATA	AGAAAACGTC	CCGAGCTCAT	TCCGTTGCCA	1860
GCAATGTCTT	ACTGCCCCCT	ATAGACGGGT	TCCAGGGCAG	CTGCCTACCT	GGCCTTCCTT	1920
CCAATACAAA	TCATCTTGGT	GGATGGTTCT	CTGAGGCTCA	GTCTTCGCTG	AAGTCAGAAG	1980
AGGAATTGGA	CTCACATTGC	AAAGGCACAG	GGCAGGGCAG	ATTTCCTACA	GGTGTTAGGA	2040
AGAACAACCC	AGTTATGATC	ACCTACTGCT	CTGTCTCCAT	TGAGGCCTAA	AAAGGAAGTG	2100
AGTTTATACT	GCAGTTGGAG	GAACTGCCTG	CAGCCTTGAG	GAAAATGTCT	AGTCACAAGG	2160
GAGTAAGTTA	CCTGTTGATC	ATATTGTCAA	GGAATTCCTG	TCCAATTCTC	CTTCCCTGGG	2220
TTGACACCTC	TGTAAGGTCA	GATCTGGAAG	TAGGAGAGTG	GGCACCAAGG	GAGTCCCCGT	2280
TCAGGGAAGT	GGAGTGGCTG	GCTGGGATTG	GGGCTTTTTC	TTCCCAGGAG	GAGCAGGAGT	2340
GCTCACGATC	TGTGCCCTGT	GTCTGCCTGC	AGGGGACTGC	TGGTTTCTCG	CAGCCATTGC	2400
CTGCCTGACC	CTGAACCAGC	ACCTTCTTTT	CCGAGTCATA	CCCCATGATC	AAAGTTTCAT	2460
CGAAAACTAC	GCAGGGATCT	TCCACTTCCA	GGTGAGGTAA	TGAGAGTGTA	GTTAAGAGGG	2520
CCAGCGGCAG	GCCACCCACC	GCTGGTCTCC	TGGCCTTGAC	TTCCCAGAAG	CTGGAGGAAA	2580
CTTCCCACCC	ATCTACCCGC	AGCGGCAACA	GTCGGCATGG	ACCCCCTTAA	GGCTTCAAGC	2640
CTGGGAGGAA	GCAGTTGCTT	ATCTCTGGCT	CCCTAATCCC	TCCCCCACCA	CCTTCCACTA	2700
		ACATCCTGTT				2760
GTCTGGCTGC	TTTTATTGCC	TGCAGCCCTT	CTCAAGTAGG	TCCCTAAGAT	ATTAGCACTG	2820

FIG. 8B/2 **SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)** 

TGACACCACA	GGACCCTTCA	GGTTGTACAG	GAACCCCTGT	CCAGGGCTCC	TGTATACTTC	2880
TTCCTCTCTA	AGGCATCGCG	GTACCAAGGC	TATCACTCCT	CTCTTCCAAG	CCCTGGAAGA	2940
AGAGTCTGCT	TAACCTGGGG	ATCAGGCTTC	TTGTTTGCCC	TAGAACTGAA	TCTGATGGTT	3000
CTAGAATCCA	TCCAGCTACT	GGAAATTTTC	TGGGTCCCAG	TCACCTTGGC	ATAGAGCTGG	3060
TGCTAGAGCA	GAACCAAACT	GAATTCTACC	TGTGAGGGTC	TCGTAGCTTC	CGGGATGCTG	3120
GGGAGTCAGC	CTGTCTCCAG	CTTCAAAGGC	TCCCTCATGT	CCCAGGATGA	CCCACATTAT	3180
CAGTTCTTGC	TCCCCGGGTC	TTGCACCTCA	GCACGGAAGG	CCTCAGAAAA	GGTCTGTCTC	3240
CAGGCTCAGA	CTCCCCCTCC	TGCCGCCTTG	GGAACATGGC	ATATTTAAAG	GGTCTCAGAT	3300
CTAAAGGGCC	TTACATACAA	ATATCAGATA	GATTTCTGTT	CTCATTTCAA	TGAGGGAGAA	3360
AGTGCCATTG	AAAAGGAGAC	TAAACCACAT	TTGGCCCTTT	TCAGTTCAAA	CTGATTCATT	3420
CAAAAAAGAG	CGACATCCAA	ACTTGAAATG	ATTGAACAAT	GTTCCTGCTA	CAGCTAGAAT	3480
AGATTCTGGG	TCACTTTGTT	CCTCCGTTTC	AATCCTTGTT	CTTCAGTTTG	GCATCAAGAA	3540
ATACCTAAAT	CAGCACAGTG	CCTTCACTGC	ATAGTTCCCA	ATCCTGGCCA	CATTGAATCA	3600
GCTGGGGGCA	CCTGAGAGTG	CTGACACCCA	GGCCCTGCCC	CAGACCTGCT	GAGCAGGAGA	3660
ATGAAAATCT	TACATCCTAA	GACACTCATG	GAGCACCTAC	TCTACCCATT	ACTGGGCTGG	3720
ACTCTGTGGA	AGACATGAAG	TATATGTAAC	TCACTTCCAG	CTCTCAAAAA	GCACCCAGTC	3780
CAGTTAGAGA	CAGATTTACA	CACCCCAAAC	ACAAAATAGG	ATGAACAGGC	ACCCAGATGC	3840
AGAGTCCAGG	AAATGATGCT	GCTTTGGGAT	TCAAGAACCC	CCTGAGGAAT	CTGGAGGAAG	3900
GACACATTTC	CTAACAGTAA	TTTGAGTATG	TGACTCTGTG	CGTGACGCTT	CTGTGCAGTT	3960
CTGGCGCTAT	GGAGAGTGGG	TGGACGTGGT	TATAGATGAC	TGCCTGCGAA	CGTACAACAA	4020
TCAACTGGTT	TTCACCAAGT	CCAACCACCG	CAATGAGTTC	TGGAGTGCTC	TGCTGGAGAA	4080
GGCTTATGCT	AAGTAAGCAA	CACTTTAGAA	TGTGAGGTGG	GGCTAGAGGT	GAGAAAGTGG	4140
GTTGCAAAAT	CCAGCCGAGA	CCTCACTCAC	AGGAAGAGGC	ATGTGCCTCT	ATACGTGCAT	4200
ATGTGTGGGC	ATGCAAGTCC	AACTGTGACC	CAAAGTTAGA	GATCAGTTCC	AGGCAACAAC	4260
					GAAGACCTTT	4320
					TGCAAGTCTT	4380
GGGATCAGAG	CATTGTCCCA	GGGTCTCGAT	TGGCTCAACC	TCATGTGCTT	ATAGAAGATT	4440

## FIG. 8B/3 SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

TATAAAGACA	TGTTGTCTCT	CAACTTAAAA	GCTCCACCC	C AGATGATAA	T AATGGATTTT	4500
CAAATTTTG	AACAAGGTCA	CTCTGTAATC	CAGGCTGGA	G TGCAGTGGT	G CAGTCACGGA	4560
TCACTGTAGA	TTGACCTCCT	GGGTTCAAGG	TGCTCCTCC	CACCTCAGCC	T CCCAAGTAGC	4620
TGGGACTACA	TGCGGGCATC	ACCATGGCCC	TTTTATTTT	GTATTTTTT	T GTAGAGCGGG	4680
GTTTTCCCAT	GTTGACCCAG	ACTGTTCTCG	AACTCTTGGC	CTCATACAA	T CCACCAGCCT	4740
TGCCCTCCCG	AAGCGCTGGG	ATTGCCGGTG	TGAGCCACCA	CACCGGCAG	TGCTAATGGC	4800
TTTAATGCAG	CCCTTCCTCA	ACGTTCAGGA	TGTAGTGGAA	AGAGCTCTCA	GGAAGTGGGG	4860
ATAGCTGGGT	TTCAATCCCA	GTGCTTCTGG	CTCTCTGTGG	TCTTGGGTGG	GTCACTTAGC	4920
CTCTTGAGCT	CAGTTTCTTC	ATTATGAAGA	AAGGGAATCA	TTGTTTCCAT	CCCATGAGCT	4980
CATAGGGTTA	ATGTGGAATT	GATGAAAGAA	CATCACAGCA	TCCAAGAGGT	AAAGTTCTGG	5040
TGGCAGTGGT	ACCTGGGTTT	TGTTCCCTGG	AACTCTGTGA	CCCCAAATTG	GTCTTCATCC	5100
TCTCTCTAAG	GCTCCATGGT	TCCTACGAAG	CTCTGAAAGG	TGGGAACACC	ACAGAGGCCA	5160
TGGAGGACTT	CACAGGAGGG	GTGGCAGAGT	TTTTTGAGAT	CAGGGATGCT	CCTAGTGACA	5220
TGTACAAGAT	CATGAAGAAA	GCCATCGAGA	GAGGCTCCCT	CATGGGCTGC	TCCATTGATG	5280
TAAGTCTGGG	GTGTGGGGCA	CAGGGTGGGG	AGCTCCAAGT	GTCAGGAAGC	CTTTTACCCA	5340
ATGAAGGGCA	GCATAGAGCT	TTTGTGTGGG	ACAGAGCGAA	TGTTTTGTTT	GAGGAAGCAG	5400
GAACTGGCTC	TCAACTTTGA	GGACTGGGAA	TTTCTCAAGG	GAGAACAGTT	CTTCCGGATT	5460
TTCAATAAAG	ACACTGGTCA	AGGACATTTC	AAGCCCTGGA	ATGTCAGTGG	AAATCAGTCC	5520
AGAGGCCTGT	GTCAGTGGAG	GCCTCCCTTG	CTGGTGCTCC	TCAGTCTCAG	CACGCTCCCA	5580
	CACGTACTTG					5640
					TTGTTACCTG	5700
					GAGACAGGAG	5760
					GCCTTCCCTG	5820
					GGATGGGGCT	5880
					GGAAGGTCAG	5940
	ACACCATGGA					6000
ATTCGTGCTC	TGTTGATCTC	TCCTCTCTCC	CTTTGTCTGT	CCCATCTCTT	TCTCCTCTCT	6060

### FIG. 8B/4 **SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)**

CCTTCCCTTT	CCACCCTTCT	GTGTTTGTT	с тстссстсс	CTGTGTTGTT	CCCTACATTC	6120
TCCATCGGG	CTCAGGATGG	CACGAACAT	G ACCTATGGAA	CCTCTCCTTC	TGGTCTGAAC	6180
ATGGGGGAGT	TGATTGCACG	GATGGTAAG	G AATATGGATA	ACTCACTGCT	CCAGGACTCA	6240
GACCTCGACC	CCAGAGGCTC	AGATGAAAGA	A CCGACCCGG	TGTGTACACO	TCCGATTATC	6300
AGAACTGACC	ATCCCTCCAA	CCCACATGAC	CCCGCCCTAT	TAGTGTCAGA	CTCCCCTCAG	6360
CAGCCAGGGC	CTTACCCACA	CACCCCCACC	TGGCACCTCC	CAAGGGTCTG	GGTTGAAATA	6420
ACTTGCTCAG	CCAAGGCTCC	TGAAGAGGGT	GCAAGAACCA	GGATTTTGGA	GGGAATCTCT	6480
GCTGGAGTTT	CTGCATATTC	CATGGTCCAG	GCAGTTCCTC	TCATAACGAA	CTATCAGACA	6540
GAAATACTTG	TAAAGATACT	TCATTTATTT	TGAAATATTT	TTCCTCTTCT	AATGTATTCA	6600
TTTATTCATT	CAACACTTAT	TTTTGAGCTC	CTACTATGTT	CCAGGCACTC	CTCTAGCAAA	6660
CAAAGCAAAT	TCTCTCCTCT	TTTTCAATAT	TTGTGGAAAA	AGCAAGGTCT	CCCTCTTGTA	6720
GAGTTTATAT	TCTAGTATTT	TCATAAGTTA	TACCTGCTCA	CTGGAGAATA	CTGAGCCATA	6780
CAGAAAAACA	CAGAGGAAAA	TTTCACTTAT	ATTTTTCCCC	ATGTAAAGAT	AACCACTCTT	6840
AACATCTAGT	ATATGTTCTT	CCAGGATTTT	TCTATGCACA	CACTGAATCT	GTATTTTTAT	6900
TTTTAAAATG	TTATCATATT	GTATGTACCT	CTTTGCAGCC	TGCTTTTTTC	AGTTAGTTTT	6960
TTTGGTTTTT	TGGTTTTTTT	TTTTTTTTGG	AAACCAAGTC	TTGCTCTATT	CCCTAGGCTG	7020
GAGCACAGTT	GTTGCCATCT	CGGCTCACTG	CAACCTCTGC	CTCCAAAGTT	AAACTAATTC	7080
TCCTGCCTCA	GCCTCCCGAC	ATAGCTGGGA	TTACAGGCAC	ACACCACCAC	ACATGGCTAA	7140
			CACCATGTTG			7200
			TCCCAAAGTG			7260
					TGTAACATTT	7320
			GATATGTTAT			7380
					TACTATTCTA	7440
					TGACTTCCAT	7500
			GTTGAATGAT			7560
			TAGAACTTAA			7620
CCCCTCCCAG	TCTATTCAGC	ATGATCTGGA	TCATGAGGAC	TGAGATCTGG	AAGAGACTGA	7680

GATCTGGGAG	AGGCTGAGAT	ACCAAAAGC	C CTGGCTCCA	CCATACCC	T CGCCCTGAAA	7740
ACAGCTCTAG	GAATTCCGCG	GCCTAGCAA	G GCTCCGGGAA	A GCTCCTTTT	A AAGCTGTGAC	7800
GTTAGTAGGC	ACATGGACCA	TAGAGACCTA	A TCCAGGGCT	ATGGGACTT	I AGTGATCCTG	7860
CCCTTCTCCC	AAGGATCCCC	CATGGCTGCA	ACTTGGAAA1	TTCTGCAAA	I GGAAGAGCTA	7920
CTCCTTAGGC	ACGGTCATGT	CTGAGCAGG	ATCTCCTCG	GCTTTCTTA	G AATTCTCTCC	7980
CTGGGCACTG	GGACTCTTGA	TTTCTTGAAT	ATTATGTTCC	AGGTGGGTG	GGAGGAGGTG	8040
AGGGGATGTA	AAGAAGGCTA	GACTTGGCCA	GGCGCAGTGG	CTCATGCCTC	TAATCCCAGC	8100
ACTTTGGGAG	GCTGAGGCGG	GTGGATCACC	TGAGGTCAGG	AGTTCGAGAC	CAGCCTGGCT	8160
AACATGGTGA	AACCCCGTTT	CTACTAAAAA	TACAAAAAT	TAGCTGAGCA	TGGTGGCACG	8220
TGCCTGTAAT	CCCAGCTACT	CGGGAGGCTG	AGGCAGGAGT	ATCGCTGGAA	CACGGGAGGC	8280
AGAGATTGCA	GTGACCCGAG	ATCGCGCCAC	TGCACTCCAG	CCTGGGCGAC	ACAGCAAGAC	8340
TCTGTCTCAA	AAAACAAAAA	AGAAAGAAAA	AAAGGAAAAG	CTAAGACTTA	CATGTGTCAC	8400
TTAACCCCTT	TTCTCAAACC	TCTTTCTCTT	CCAGGAATAG	TCAACCCCTG	GATGGCTTCA	8460
GGGGAAGGGG	GATCCTGAAG	CCCAGGGCAG	CCTCCAACTC	TACCCCTTCC	TCCTTTGAAG	8520
GATACTAAGG	GGTCCAGAAA	GGAGGGGCAG	GACACTGTTA	CCCACCCCAC	ATCCCAGCAT	8580
CCACATTGCT	CTCTGATGGT	CAGGACAGAG	CCTTCTCAGG	GAGACCAGCC	TGTCTGGAGC	8640
TGTGTCTCTT	GGCACTCTTA	AAGGGCCACT	GAAGGTCCGT	TCGTGGTCGT	GAGGCACACT	8700
TTCAGGGAGC	AGAGTGGTCT	GTGTCTTCAC	AGAGCCCGGA	AAATGAACTA	GTATGAACTT	8760
			CGCCCCTAAT			8820
			CAAGAATGGC			8880
ACGCCTACTC	TGTCACGGGG	CTGGATGAGG	TAAGCCTGGT	GGGGCTTGGT	GGGGCAAGGG	8940
					TGCCCTGTCT	9000
					TGGGAGCAGA	9060
			TGCCACAGTT			9120
					AAATATCACT	9180
			TGTTCTTGAG			9240
AGATAGCTAC	AGTTGTCTCT	GGGTAGCCAC	GGGGACTGGT	TCCAGAAGCC	CCAACAGTAA	9300

FIG.8B/6

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CAAAATCTGC	AGATGCTCAA	GTCCCTTCTG	TAAAATGGAG	TAGTATTTG	CATATAACCTA	9360
TGCACATCCT	CCCATATACT	TTAAGTCATC	TCTGGATTAC	TTACGATAC	TAACACAATG	9420
GAAATGCTAT	GTAAATAGTT	ATTGCACTGC	ATTGGGTTTI	TTTGGTATTA	A TTTTCTGTTG	9480
TTGTATTATT	ATTITITCTT	TTTTTGAATA	TTTTTGATCO	ACAATTGGT	ATATGCCAAA	9540
GCCATGGATA	CGAGAGGCTG	ACTGTTCTGT	TTTGCTCCTT	CTGGGACTT	TGGGTTTTCC	9600
TGGACCATGT	CTGAGACAGG	AACGTTGTAA	GACCTGTTGC	ACACAGTTG	GCAGGTTGTG	9660
CCCTGTACAG	AGGGATGGGC	TGAGAGGGGC	AGTTGCCTGC	ATCACCCATT	GCAGCAGACT	9720
GGAGGGAGTC	TGCTTGTTTG	TAGTTCCTCA	GTCAGCAGGG	GCCTTTTGTC	TTTCCTTCCT	9780
TTCCTTTTTT	TTTTTTTTG	AGACGGAGTC	TCACTCTGTT	GCCCAGGCTG	GAGTGTAGTG	9840
GCACAGTCTC	GGCTCACTGC	AATGTCCGCC	TCCTGGATTC	AAGCGATTTI	CCTGCCTCAG	9900
CCTCCTGAGT	AGCTGGGATT	ACAGGCGCGT	GTCACCATGC	CCAGCTAATT	TTTGTATTTT	9960
TAGTAGAGAT	GGGGGTTTCT	CCATGTTGAT	CAGGCTGGTC	TCGAACTCCT	GACCTCGTGA	10020
TCCGCCCACC	TCGGCCTCTC	AAAGTGCTGG	GATTACAGGC	GTGAGCCACC	ACGCCTGGCC	10080
AGCAGGGGCC	TTTTTTCTAA	TTTATATGAA	GACACCTAAT	TTATATGTGT	TAGCAAAGCC	10140
CTCCTGTTTA	TGCCTCACCT	CCTCCCCGA	AGCTCATACG	GCAGGATGTT	CCTGAGAAAA	10200
TTGCCTCTTA	GAAGATAGAG	AGGAGATGCC	AAGCCTAAGT	TAGGCAGACT	CAGGAGGATA	10260
GGTCTGACCC	ACCCCTGCC	ATTCCCCAGC	ACACTTGTGA	TTAATCTCCT	TGGCCAGAGC	10320
CAGGCAGAAC	ACCCTCGCGT	AAGAGATTTG	CCCCCAGCC	CCGTCCCAGC	CCTCAGCTAG	10380
ACAGAAGATT	CCCTTTCCAG	AGAGGCTGCA	GAGCATGAGA	GCTCTTTCTG	TGTGCTTAAG	10440
GTCCCGTTCA	AAGGTGAGAA	AGTGAAGCTG	GTGCGGCTGC	GGAATCCGTG	GGGCCAGGTG	10500
GAGTGGAACG	GTTCTTGGAG	TGATAGGTAG	GTGAGGGGAC	CCCACGGGAT	TGGCGGTGGC	10560
GGGGAACAGG	GTCCGGGACA	AGGCTGTGTT	GGGAACTGAG	CCATGAGAGT	ATTGAAGATG	10620
CTTGGTATAA	AATCACCCTC	AAAACCAATG	ATCCGCAGAG	AAGAGGGGCA	CAGGTGTTGG	10680
		-			TTGCTGACAA	10740
CCATTGGCTG	GAAAGGAAGG	ATTCCAGAAA	GCGTGGGGAA	GGTCCAGGCA	GGAAAAGCGT	10800
					GTGTTGCCTT	10860
TCCTGTGAAA	TGGGAACAGT	ATTATTAGCA	CTTACCTTGT	GGGCTGATAT	TGAGGAGTAA	10920

FIG.8B/7

CTGGGACTTG	TTTTTGGGCA	AGTGCTGAGC	CATTGCTAAG	ATTCCCCTTA	CCCGTGCTTG	10980
TCCCTTGTAT	TAAGGCACAA	GGGCCCTTTG	AAAAGAATTT	TACCTGCTTT	ATCAATTGAA	11040
AGGGATTAAG	ACCTTGGGGG	CCAACCCAAA	ATAAACATGC	GAACTTATTA	TTTATAGGCT	11100
CCATGCACAC	TTCGTAAAAC	CTCCATGGTC	CTACTGGTTC	CTGATTACCT	CCACTCAATG	11160
AGAGGCAATT	CATTACTGAA	TGAGCCATAA	GCGCCTCTTA	TTTCGAGAGG	GGGATGGCAG	11220
GACTCAGTCG	AGGAGAAGGA	CCGCACCCAG	GCAGCCTGGG	CCCCTCGGCT	CCTGTACTTA	11280
TTTACTGCTG	GGTACTTCCT	AGCCCAGCAT	GTAATTACTG	GTTCGTTCAG	TCATTCGTTT	11340
AGTAAATGTT	TCTTGGGCAC	CTACTACATA	GGAGGCACAG	GTCAAGGCAC	TGGGGATATT	11400
CTTTCTACCC	ACCCCTCCC	TCCCTACACT	GTGATTAGGG	ACTGACCGAT	С	11451

- (2) INFORMATION FOUR LA SEQ .ID NO: 3:
  - (i) CARACTERISTIQUES DE LA SEQUENCE:
    - (A) LONGUEUR: 1834 paires de bases
    - (B) TYPE: acide nucléique
    - (C) NOMBRE DE BRINS: double
    - (D) CONFIGURATION: linéaire
  - (ii) TYPE DE MOLECULE: ADN (génomique)

#### (xi) DESCRIPTION DE LA SEQUENCE: SEQ ID NO: 3:

ATTTTTTTT	TTTTTTTTGA	GACGGAGTCT	CACTCTGCCA	CCCAGGCTGG	AGTGCAATGG	60
CGCGATCTTG	GCTCACTGCA	ACCTCCGCCT	CCCGGGTTCA	AGTGATTCTT	CTGCCTTAGC	120
CTCCTGAGTA	GCTGAGACTA	TAGGTGCCCG	CCACCACGCC	CAGCTAATTT	TTGTATTTTT	180
ATTAGGACGG	GGTTTCACCA	TATTGGCCAG	GCTGGTCTCG	AAATCCTGAC	CTTGTGATCC	240
GCCCACCTCG	GCCTCCCAAA	GTGCTGGGAT	TACAGGTGTG	AGCCATTGCG	AGCAGCCCAG	300
AACTCAATTC	TTAACCTTTA	AAGTATGATG	AGAAGAAGGA	TCAAGCCCTC	ACCAGCCCAT	360
TTAAGGAGTT	TAGGCTCAGT	CTTGAGGATG	TGAGAAGTCA	TTGCTATTGG	GTTTCACACT	420
GAGGTTAACA	GGTGAAGTCA	GCATTTTGGT	AGTTCACAGC	AGCTGCAACT	CTTTGTATTT	480
CTCTGATACC	TCCTGTCCCA	ACCTACATCA	GGCCTTCCCT	TCTTCCTGCT	TCCTTAATTC	540
CTCCATTTTC	CCACCAGATG	GAAGGACTGG	AGCTTTGTGG	ACAAAGATGA	GAAGGCCCGT	600
CTGCAGCACC	AGGTCACTGA	GGATGGAGAG	TTCTGGTGAG	TCCAGAACCC	AGGAAGACCC	660
AGAAGGGTAA	GGGTGGGGAA	GAGAGGGGAA	ATCTCAGACC	TCAGTCCCCA	GCTAAGGTTA	720
TCAGATTCCA	GCCCTTGGGA	GATCTTGGCT	GTGTTCTCCT	CCAGCCCAAG	GCCCAGCAAG	780
GATGAGGTTC	TGAGAGGAGC	CTTCCAGGCC	ACAGGGACAA	TGAGCCCAGG	ACCAGGCCAA	840
CATGACATGG	CTCTTGCCTC	CTGTGTGCCC	CTCCGCCACA	CACTCTATTC	CAGCCACAGG	900
CACCCTGGCC	TTAGCACAAT	TCTTTTCTGA	GCCTAGGAAG	CTCCACTTAC	CCTGATCTTC	960
CAACGTCAAC	CTCACCCTCT	CTCAGGTTGT	TTCTATTCAG	GCTTCAAGTC	TCAGCTTAAG	1020
GAGAATTTTC	AAGTCTCAGC	TTAAGGAGAG	CCCCCTAAGT	TCCCCGAGGA	CTGGGATTAA	1080
TTTATGATGC	TCATCACCCT	TAAAATTGTT	TGCTTAAGCC	GGGCGCGGTG	GCTCACGCCT	1140
GTAATCCCAG	CACTTTGGGA	GGCCGAGGTG	AACGGATCAC	GAGGTCAGGA	GATCGAGAAC	1200

FIG. 8C/1

ATCTTGGCTA	ACACGGTGAA	ACCCTGTCTG	TACTAAAAAT	ACACAAAAA	AGTAGCCGGG	1260
CGTGGCAGCG	TGCGCCTGTA	GTCCTAGCTG	CTGGGGAGGC	TGAGGCAGGA	GAATCACTTG	1320
AACCTGGGAG	GCAGAGGTTA	CAGTGAGCCC	AGATTGCGCC	ACTGCACTCC	AGCCTGGGCG	1380
ACAAGAGAGA	CTCTGTCTTG	GAAAAAAAA	AAAAAATGTG	GTCTTAGTTT	AATGTCAAGG	1440
GAAAGGTTTT	GGGTGTTTTT	ATTACTTTAT	TTTTTTTTA	AAAACTATAA	TAGAGACGGG	1500
CCTCGCTATA	TTTCTCGGGC	TGGTCTCAAA	CTCCTGGGCT	CAAGCGGTCC	TCCCACCTTG	1560
GCCTCCCAAA	ATGCTGGCAT	GTGGGCCTGG	TCAACATATG	GGACCCCAAC	TCTACAAAAA	1620
TAAAATTTTA	TAGCCAGATG	TGGTGGCGTG	TGCCTGTAGT	CCCAGCTACT	TGGGAGGCTG	1680
AAGCAGGGGG	TCACTTGAGC	CCAGGAGGTT	GAGGCTGCAG	TGAACTATGA	TTGTCGTTCA	1740
CTTTTCTTCT	GAACGTGAGA	TTAAGTGTAG	TCAGCAATTT	GGCTTAGGAT	TATTTATTCA	1800
GAATTTTTAA	CCGTCACGTT	GCGGCAAACC	AGGT			1834

- (2) INFORMATION POUR LA SEQ ID NO: 4:
  - (i) CARACTERISTIQUES DE LA SEQUENCE:
    - (A) LONGUEUR: 14664 paires de bases
    - (B) TYPE: acide nucléique
    - (C) NOMBRE DE BRINS: double
    - (D) CONFIGURATION: linéaire
  - (ii) TYPE DE MOLECULE: ADN (génomique)

#### (xi) DESCRIPTION DE LA SEQUENCE: SEQ ID NO: 4:

AGGAGGTGGA	GGTTGCAGTG	AGCCAAGATC	ATGCCACTGC	ACTCTAGCCT	r gggcaacaga	60
GCGAGACTCT	GTCTCAAAAA	ATACACACAC	ACACACACAC	ACACACACA	CACACACAC	120
ACACACATAT	ATATACACAC	ATATATATA	ACACACATAT	ACACACACA	CACGTCTGTAT	180
ATATATGTGT	GTGTGTATAT	ATACACACAC	ACACTATTCT	ATATATTCTT	GTAGAGCTAT	240
GTGTGTCTCC	TGTGCTATTG	AGCATGAGCC	CTTTTTTTT	TITITITI	TTGAGACAGA	300
GTCTCACTTT	GTCGCCCAGG	CTGGCATACA	ATGGCGCAAT	ATCGGCTCAC	TGCAACCTCC	360
GCCTCCTGGG	TTCAAGTGAT	TCTCCTGCCT	CAGCCTCCCA	AGTAACTAGG	ATTACAAGTG	420
CCCGCCATAA	TGCTCAGCTA	ATTTTTGTAT	TTTCAGTAGA	GATGGGGTTT	CACCATGTTG	480
GCCAAGCTGG	TCTCAAACTC	CTAGCCTCAG	GTGATCCACC	TGCCTCAGCC	TCCCAAAGTG	540
CTGGGATTAC	AGGCATGAGC	CACAGCACCC	TGGTGAGCAC	TAGAGCTTAT	TTCTTCTATC	600
TAACTGTATT	TTTGTATCCA	TTAGCCACCC	TCTTTTCATC	CTCCCCTCTC	CTTCCCTTCC	660
CAGCCTCTGG	TAACCACTGT	CTGCTCTCTA	CTTCCATGAC	ATATGCTTTG	TTTTAGCTCT	720
CACATATGAG	TGAGAGCATG	CGACATTTAT	CTTTCTGGCC	CTGGCACATT	TTTGAATCAT	780
TGTTAGAAAA	GATGATGGTT	TGGAGTAGAT	ACATCAGAAG	TGACAGCGTT	TGCCCTAAAA	840
AGGAAAGACA	GGCTCCTCTG	GGACCCTGAC	CAAGTTCCTG	TGAACTATTT	TATTATTGTG	900
CTGTGTTAGT	CCTGGGGTCT	TCCGTTCCCA	GCCCTCCTCA	CCTGCTCCCA	TATGGCTCTC	960
TCTCTTCTTC	CAACCTCTCA	GGATGTCCTA	TGAGGATTTC	ATCTACCATT	TCACAAAGTT	1020
GGAGATCTGC	AACCTCACGG	CCGATGCTCT	GCAGTCTGAC	AAGCTTCAGA	CCTGGACAGT	1080
GTCTGTGAAC	GAGGGCCGCT	GGGTACGGGG	TTGCTCTGCC	GGAGGCTGCC	GCAACTTCCC	1140
AGGTGGGAGA	TGCTCTTGAT	GGGGGGAGGG	TCTAAGCCGA	AAAAGTTCCA	GGCAGAAGAA	1200

FIG. 8D/!

GCCTAACTAG	TGCTTATTAA	GTCTCTCTGT	TCCAGACGTC	CACTATCTTA	TTAAACCTTC	1260
CCTGTTTTAC	TGAGAAGGAA	ACCACCATGC	TGAGAAGTTT	GCAATAGGGA	GCTGGGTAGC	1320
AACTTTGGAA	GCAGGAA.CTT	GTGGGAACAA	TGCAGATGCT	GCTTGGACTT	ACGATGAGGT	1380
TATGTCCAGA	TAAGCCCATC	CATCTTTTGA	AAATACCCTA	AGTGAAAAGT	GCATCCAATA	1440
TGCCTAACCC	CCCAAACCTC	ATAGCTTACC	CTGGCCTACC	CTCAAACATT	GCTCGGAACC	1500
CTTGACCTTA	AGCCTAAAGT	TGGGCCAAAT	CATCTAACTC	CAAAGCCTAT	TTTACAAAGA	1560
AAGTTGTTGT	AATATCTCCA	TGTAACTTAC	TTAATACTTG	TACCTAAAAA	GTGAAAAACA	1620
AGAATGGTTG	TACGGGTACT	CGAAATCCAG	TTTCTACTGA	ATGTGCATCT	CTTTCACATT	1680
GTAAAGTTAA	AAAATTGTAG	CCGAACCATC	CTAAGTCAGG	GACTGTGAGT	ACTGTGTCAG	1740
TAACAGTAAG	GGCACTATTG	GAGAACCAAG	TTAGCAGCTG	CTGCAATAGT	TCAAGTCAGA	1800
GATGATGAAA	ACCTAGACCA	AGTCAGTAGC	AGCAGAGATG	GAGGGGAGAC	AGCAGATTTA	1860
GGGAGAGCAT	ATTGGGTGAT	GTAGGGAAGG	AAGAAGAATG	ATGTCAAGAT	TCCCAGTTGG	1920
GGACCTGACA	ACATTGCAAC	ATAAGACACA	CAAGAAGATC	GGGTGGGTGG	CTCATGCCTA	1980
TAATCCCAGC	ACTTTGGGAG	GCAGAGCCAG	GAGGATCACT	TGAGCCCAGG	AGTTCAAGAC	2040
CAGCACAGGC	AACATAGTGA	CACCTCATCG	TTACCCAAAA	TAAAAAAAA	AATGAGGTGG	2100
GAGGATTGCT	TGAGCTCGGG	AGGTTGAGGC	TACAATAAAC	TGTGATCATG	CCACTGCACT	2160
CCTGCCTGGG	TGACAGAGTG	AGACCCTGCC	TCAAAAAAA	AAGACACACA	AGAGAAAAT	2220
ATCAGCGTGT	TGTTTGTTTT	TGGTGGAGTT	AATTGTGGGG	TTCTAGGGAA	AGGAATTTAG	2280
CTTGGGACAT	GGAAAGTTTG	AGGTTCCTGT	AGAGTGTCCC	ACTGAAGATT	TGTAATAGAG	2340
CATCGGATGC	GCATATTAGA	TGGCACTTGG	TGATATGATA	AGAACTCAAA	AAATATTTGA	2400
GGAATAAAGG	AAAGAAGAGG	CCAGACGTGG	TGGCTTATGC	CTGTAATCCC	AGCACTTTGG	2460
GAGGCTGAGG	CAGGCGGATC	ACTTGTGGTC	AGGAGTTCGA	GACCAGCTTG	GCTAACATGG	2520
TGAAAACCCA	TCTCTACTAA	AGATACAAAA	ATTAACCGGG	GATGATGGTG	GGTGCCTGTA	2580
ATCCCAGCTA	CTTGGGAGGC	TCAGTCAGAA	GAATCGCTTG	AACCCAGGAG	GCGGAGGCTG	2640
CAGTGAGCCG	AGATCGCGCC	ACTGCACTCT	AGCCTGGGCA	ACAGAGCCAG	ACTCCGTCTC	2700
AAAAAAAA	AAGTGAGAGA	GATTGAGGCT	GGGATATATG	GCTCAGGCAT	CATGCGCGTG	2760
TAGGGGGCAG	TTAAAAAGCA	GAAGTAAGAA	AGATTGCCTA	GGGAGGCAGG	AAGGGTGAGG	2820

FIG. 8D/2

### **SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)**

TGAGAGGAGA	AGAGGCCCAG	GACCAGATTC	TAGTCACCAA	CAGCGTTTAA	GGGGCAGGTA	2880
AGGAAAACAA	AACCATCAGC	AAAGACTGAG	AATGAAAGCC	CAGAGAGGAA	GGAAAAGCCA	2940
CACATACAAT	CAGTACAGCT	CCATCTGAAT	AAAGGTAGCG	cccccccc	CCCAAATCAT	3000
TAGAGAAATG	CCTGATTCGG	TTTTCTGTGG	ATTTTTCCTA	AGAACCTAGA	TGTGGGGAAT	3060
AGAAATAAAT	GGTTCCCTCT	GTCTCATCCC	CTCCCTGCCC	TCTGAGAGGA	AGCTGTGATT	3120
GCGTGCTCCC	TTTCTGGGGG	TGCAGATACT	TTCTGGACCA	ACCCTCAGTA	CCGTCCGAAG	3180
CTCCTGGAGG	AGGACGATGA	CCCTGATGAC	TCGGAGGTGA	TTTGCAGCTT	CCTGGTGGCC	3240
CTGATGCAGA	AGAACCGGCG	GAAGGACCGG	AAGCTAGGGG	CCAGTCTCTT	CACCATTGCC	3300
TTCGCCATCT	ACGAGGTGTG	TAGTCCTGAT	TGGCTCCAGC	CCAGGAAACA	TACTTTCCCA	3360
GAGAGGACGC	TTCCAGGGGC	TTCTAGAGGG	GCCCTCTGCT	TCCTCAATAC	CAGTGACCCA	3420
CAGAGCTCCT	GGTATCAGGA	CCACTTGTGT	TTGTAACAAG	CAAAAAATAC	CAGGGGGGGC	3480
ATTAGAGAGG	CAGTGGAGCG	GGCCTGGCAG	AACAGGTGCC	TGGGGGTCAG	GCTTCCGCAT	3540
GCGGGCTGCA	GTTGCTGGCA	TTGCCTTCCG	CAGGCTCCTC	ATCCTCATTC	ACATCTGAAG	3600
CATCTTCCTT	TCTGTTTCTT	CTCAAGGTTC	CCAAAGAGGT	ATAGCAGCAG	CAGCGGCCAG	3660
CAGTTGTGTG	CAGCACTACC	CAGGGGGCC	CGAGTCTGTC	TGTGGCTCGT	CGAGAAGCTT	3720
CCTGGTGGGG	TTTGTGGGCA	GGACTTGTGA	TAGGAGAGGG	CCTTGCCTGT	TGTTATTTCC	3780
CACTTGCAGA	GCAGGTTGCC	TCAGGGCATT	GCATGACCCA	TGACTACCAC	CCCCAGGATG	3840
TGCACTTTCT	CCCTCGCACC	AGACACTGCA	CGTCACACAC	ATGCCTTTGC	ACACTCACCC	3900
TCCTCCACGC	TTACAGCCAC	ACACACAGTC	ACACAGACGC	GTTCTGAGGG	TGGCTGCCCG	3960
CTTGGGATGG	AGGAATCACT	TCCCTCAGAA	CCCAGCCAAG	TCCTCTAGGC	CTCCTTGGGG	4020
GTCCTTCCAG	CCTGAGGGGC	TTCGGAGCTG	AGGACAGCTG	TTCTGGTAAG	TGTCCCTGAG	4080
TGTGGGGATG	ACACATTTCC	ATTCACTCTG	AATCACAACA	GAAAAGGGAA	GAGGAATTGA	4140
GGTAGGGAGC	CTATTTAACC	CTTGGGAGTC	GGGAAGTAGG	GAGGTTGAAA	CTGTGACATG	4200
GGTGACCAGG	GAGTTGGGAA	GGGACCCTTG	GAGGTGGCTG	TGGCAGGACA	GGACGTTCCT	4260
CCCGAGGGGC	TCATGTGCCC	TGGGCTCTCC	CCATCTCTCA	GATGCACGGG	AACAAGCAGC	4320
					ACCTACATCA	4380
ACATGCGGGA	GGTGTCCCAG	CGCTTCCGCC	TGCCTCCCAG	CGAGTACGTC	ATCGTGCCCT	4440

FIG. 8D/3

**WO** 96/16175

CCACCTACGA	GCCCCACCAG	GAGGGGGAAT	TCATCCTCCG	GGTCTTCTCT	GAAAAGAGGA	4500
ACCTCTCTGA	GTGAGTGCTG	GCCCAGCTTT	CCCACGTGTT	TCTAAAAGCT	CACATGGCCC	4560
ACTCCAGAGG	TTGAAGGCAT	GAGGCAGCTA	GACACGTCTC	CTCCAGGGTC	CTTCTGCTGC	4620
TCCTGAGCCA	CTGGCCACAT	TACCCCCATT	CATTCATTCA	TCCATTCTGT	GATATTTATT	4680
GAGCACCTAC	TATGTTCCAG	GCACTGTCCT	AGGCACTAAG	GATAGAGTAG	TGAAGTAAAC	4740
AGAAAGAAAT	CCCTGCCTTC	ATGGAGCTTA	ATATTCTAAC	ATGAGACAAT	AATGGATAGG	4800
AAAAACATAT	GTAGCATGTT	AGATTTGGAG	AGGTGATATG	GAGCAAAAAT	AAAGTAGGGA	4860
AGAGGGATAG	GAGGTGTTGG	GGATGCTTGA	AATTTTAGGT	TAGCATGGCC	AGGAAAGCCA	4920
CATCCTGTCC	CTGGCCACCA	CAGATGAGCT	CATAGCCCCT	GCCACTCTGA	TCTCTGTCCT	4980
TGGAAGATGC	ACCAGGTCCA	TGGGTAGGTG	GCTGGGTCAT	GCCTTTGGGG	GGCTCTGAGC	5040
AATACTAACA	AGAACCTGCG	TGCCTGGGCT	TGGCTGTCGG	GGATGGTGCT	GACATGGGGC	5100
TGGTTCCTGG	GGTTGGGGTG	TTCCAGGGGT	TCTCTAGAGG	CTGGTTCTGG	CTTGGCTGCC	5160
AGGAAGCCGT	GCACCAGAGC	AAACCGTCCA	CGGGCCTCCT	GCTTGCTTCT	GGTGACACTG	5220
AGACCCCACA	TGTCTGTATT	CCTCACAGGG	AAGTTGAAAA	TACCATCTCC	GTGGATCGGC	5280
CAGTGGTGAG	TGGTTTAGAT	CTTCTGTGCG	AAAAGTCCAG	AGGGTCCCCT	TCCCTGACCA	5340
TGCAGGGGAC	AGATGGTGCA	GGGGAGAATG	GGCACTGGCA	GAGGGAATGG	GAGTCTGGGC	5400
TGTGCTGAGC	AGTCCCTCCT	TGGCACTGCA	AATCCTACTT	TGGCATGGCC	AGAAGTAATC	5460
GGCCTTAAGC	ACCGGGGGCC	ATTGAGGCAG	TTCAGGGGCT	GGGAAATATG	GAAGAGGGTC	5520
CTGGAAAGGA	GAAGCAATTT	GAACAATCGG	AGGGAACAAG	GCCACAGGAA	GGGATGACAA	5580
GAGCCGCAGC	GAACACTGGA	TTCTGAGACT	GGATAACATT	GGATTTCACA	CATAGAGAAA	5640
AGAAAGTAAG	CTGGTGCCGG	ACCTGGTGTT	GACACTTGGA	TCCTCCACTT	ACCAGCGGGG	5700
TGACCTGGAC	AATTTCTGTA	ATCCCTCTCA	CTCAGTTTCC	TACTCAGTAA	AACGGGGATG	5760
					TGTGAAGTGT	5820
					TTACAAGGTA	5880
					GGGTTATAAT	5940
		AGCAGAGGCT				6000
CAGAGCTCAG	TAAGTGGCAG	GGTTTGGAAC	TCACATTCAG	ACTCTCTGAC	TCCAGACTTA	6060

FIG. 8D/4
SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

GGTTTTTCCG	CACCTCCACG	CTGAGGCCAG	CCCCAGGCAG	TGAGAAGCCC	AAAGTCCGAA	6120
GCACAGAGTG	CTGTGTGTTG	GGCTCTGTGT	GTTGAGGAGT	CTTGTGACTG	CCTTGGGGCT	6180
TTGGGCTGTA	GTCAGCTGAC	AGTCCTTTGT	GCTCTGTGGG	GATGACGTAG	GCCAATGGGA	6240
GGACAAATGC	CCCTCTGAAC	TGTCTTCTGG	GCAGTGACAG	TCATGGTCAT	AATCCTGACC	6300
CTGAGCCAGT	GCCAGCTCTC	CAAGTGCCTT	CTGAATGACC	ACAGGCGATT	GGTTTTAGTG	6360
GTAGGTGCGT	GGGGATCTGT	TCTGGTCATC	TGGATGCTGG	TCATCGGGTG	CAGTATTGAT	6420
CAGGACCTGC	AAACCCAAAA	GCTTATGGGA	GCTGGCACGT	CACGTGAGTA	GAGCAGGCAG	6480
GTGCAGGGTT	TTTGATGTCC	CTGCACTGAC	ACAGTTGTCT	GCAGTTCTCC	AATTTGACAT	6540
TTGGGCTCCA	GTGTCGAGGG	TCAAACAAGG	AATTTTGGGG	CGTGGGCCAA	ATCTGGGAAG	6600
ACACAGGGAG	CAGGGCCCTT	TGGCTCAAGC	TGATAGTTGC	CGCAGGGATT	ACCAGGCCCA	6660
GGGCAGCCTG	CCACAAGCTG	GGGCTTTTAC	CAAAGAAAAT	CTCCCTATGT	TAAATGCTTG	6720
CTCAAAAATT	TTTAAAAAAT	ATTCTGTAAG	TCAAAATCCA	TTGTTAGGTC	AGTTTGAGAG	6780
AGCCATGTTT	TTGGTGTTTT	AGTAACCAAT	TTCATTTTTT	TATTATTTAT	TTATTTGTTT	6840
ATTTTTGAGA	CGGAGTTTCA	CTCTTGTCAC	CCAGGCTGGA	GTGCAATGGC	ATGATCTCAG	6900
CTCACTGCAA	CCTCCGCCTC	CCGGGTTCAA	GCAATTCTCC	TGCCTCAGCC	TCCTGAGTAG	6960
CTGAGATTAC	AGGTGCCCAC	CATCACGCCT	GGATAATTTT	TGTATTTTTT	AGTCGAGATG	7020
GGGTTTCACC	ATGTTGGCCA	GGATAGTCCT	GAACTACTGA	CCTCAGATAA	TCCGCCCACC	7080
TCAGCCTCCC	AAAGTGCTGG	GATTACAGGC	ATGAGCCAGC	ACGCCCGGCC	ACCAATTTCA	7140
TTTTTTAAAA	AAGGAAGAAA	GAAAACCTTA	GCCAGAAGAT	CTTTTTCCTT	GCCATATGCA	7200
GTAAGAGTAG	AAAAATATTA	CAAAGTCAGA	GCAGTCACTG	GTGTCTGGGC	ATGGAGGAGA	7260
AAGAAGAATT	CTCTTCTCCC	TTCACCCTCC	ATGCCCCTTT	TTGGCTCCAT	GTGATTCAGA	7320
TTTCTGGACC	CTGGAGCCCC	ACCCCAAGCT	AAAGACCAGG	ATACAGGGAA	GCCACAACCA	7380
CTGGCGGTTC	TGAGAACTTA	CTTTTCACTT	ATTCTGCATT	TACTGTTTCC	TTTTCTTATG	7440
CAGAAAAAGA	AAAAAACCAA	GGTAGGTGTG	TGGGTAGAGA	GCATGAAGTG	TGTGTACTCA	7500
TGCATATGTA	TGTGCATGCA	TGTGAAGTGT	GCATGTGTGA	GCTCATATGC	ATCCATGCAC	7560
					CGTGCAGTAA	7620
TGACAACTAC	GATTTGCTGG	GGGAAGGCTA	CGTGCCAAGC	ACTCTTTTAG	GTGCTTTCCA	7680

## FIG. 8D/5 SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)



٠	TGATTAATTC	CTTCCTCACA	ACAGCCCTAT	GAGATTAGTA	CTATAACTAT	CCCCATTTTC	7740
	AGAGGGAGAA	AAGGTACAGA	CTTGACTAAC	TTGCCCAAGG	CCACACAGCC	AGAGAGGGC	7800
	AGAGCCAGTA	CTTAGAGCCA	GGCAGTCTGG	GTCCAGAGTC	CGTGTCCTGA	ACCACAAGAG	7860
	GCCATCATAC	GCCATCAGAT	TTGGTGCTAG	CATTTCTGGT	GGTGCCTGGT	GGTGATGGAT	7920
	CCATCACAGG	GGTCCTCCAG	GTACTGGTGC	TGGCCCAGAC	CAGAGCTGAC	ACTCCTCAGG	7980
	CACTACCACA	TTCCAGGCAC	TGTGCTTGGG	GTCAGTCCCT	CTCTTTTTTT	TCCCCCCAA	8040
	TTATAACAGT	ATCTACAAAG	TAGGTGCTGT	TATTTTTCCC	CTTTCACAGG	TGAGATAGAC	8100
	TCAAAGAAGT	GAACTTGCCC	AAGGAACAGA	ACTAATGAGT	GGGGAAAATG	GAACTGGAAA	8160
	CCATGTCTGT	TTACTCCAAA	ACCTGTGTTT	CTTGCCCTCT	TTCTCTGATG	CCAGCCCCCT	8220
	ACACTTCAAG	GCCTGTGTTG	TCCAGACCCA	CACTCGGGCC	TGCCAGTGTG	TGCCTGGCAG	8280
	GGATGCTCCA	TGGCCACACC	ATATCCATCC	TACACATCCC	CCCTCAGACT	GTGACCTCCA	8340
	TTTGCTCTGG	GATCCCCACA	AGCTTCAGCT	GCTTGAGCAA	GACACTGCTT	AGAAGGCAGA	8400
	GCAAGCCAAG	GCCTCTGGGG	CCTGCTGGGA	GCCAAAGCTG	GGGAGCCGTT	TCCACGGGTC	8460
	TATCTGCTTG	AGCTGTCCTA	GATGAGCAGC	ATGGAAGGC	ACTGCTGCAT	GAGTCCAGGC	8520
	GGGCTGCTTT	TCTGCTCCGA	GAGGCTCTGC	CTGCCCAGTT	GTTCTCTGCA	TTGCAGCCTC	8580
	AATCCCCACA	GCCTTGCCTT	CCCCCGCTT	TCCCTACAGG	TGCACCGCAT	CCACAGTGTT	8640
	GGCACCATGC	AGCAGCCGCT	CTCCGTCCTT	TTCATATCCT	TGTCACTTGC	ACGAGCATGT	8700
	CTTGAAAATA	TCCCTTGTTT	GTGTAGCATC	TTAAATGTTT	TTGCAGTATG	ATTTTGCATT	8760
	CAGTATCTCA	TTTGATCCCC	ACAAGAGCCC	TATGAGGAGG	GAAAGCAGAT	TTTACCATTA	8820
	AAGGATGAGT	AAACTGAGGC	CAGAGAGGAT	ATTTTTGGTT	TTTTTTGAGA	CAGTCTCACT	8880
	CTGTCACCCA	GCCTGGAGTG	CAGTGGCTTG	ATCTTGGCTC	ACTGCAAGCT	CCACCTCCCA	8940
	TGTTCACACC	ATTTTCCTGC	CTCAGCCTCC	CAAGTAGCTG	GGACTACAGG	CACCCACCAC	9000
	CACACCCAGC	TTTTTTTAAT	GTATCTTTAG	TAGAGATGGG	GTTTCACCCA	GTTAGCCAGG	9060
	ATGGTCTTGA	TCTCCTGACC	TTGTGATCTG	CCTGCTTCGG	CCTCCTAAAG	TGCTGGGATT	9120
	ACAGGCGTGA	ACCCCCTGC	CCGGCCAGAG	AGGATATTTC	TTAATGAGGG	GCAGGGCTGG	9180
	GATTCCAGCC	CAGTGTTCTG	ATGGCTCACC	CACTGACCAT	TCCACTAATC	CGTGTCCTTT	9240
	TTCAATCTAA	ACTTTCAGGG	TTGTAGAGGT	TCCTTTGAGG	TGCCTCAGTA	CTTCCATGGT	9300

FIG. 8D/6 **SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)** 

10920

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GATGTGGGGT CTGAGGGCCA AGAGCTCTGT TCTCATTAAT CAGAGAAGCT TGTGTTTTTA 9360 AAAACACCAT GTTTACTGCA GGAAATTTAA TTGGACAGTG TTTCCATCTG GAAAAAAAA 9420 AGTCTACAAA ATACTTGACA ATCACTGCAC TAGATCATGC TGCTTTTAGC ATTCTTAGCA 9480 TTTCACGTGC TGAGCTCTCA ATACTCTACC ATGAGGGGG ATGGAGTGGG TATGAAAAGA 9540 TAAAGAACTG AAGTCACACG GCTTGTCAGT GGCAGAGATA GAGCTTGAAC CGAGGTTGAA 9600 GAGCTCCCGC CTATTCCTTT CCTCTTCTCA CTGGATAAAG CTGCTCCAAG AGAGGTGCTG 9660 CCTCAGTGTG CCTGTTCAGA CTGTAATCCT CCCTTCCTTC CTGCCTCCTC CCTCCTCTCT 9720 CCAGCCCATC ATCTTCGTTT CGGACAGAGC AAACAGCAAC AAGGAGCTGG GTGTGGACCA 9780 GGAGTCAGAG GAGGGCAAAG GCAAAACAAG CCCTGATAAG CAAAAGCAGT CCCCACAGGT 9840 GTCTGGGCAT GTGGCATGGG TGGGGTGGCC AGCACGCTAC AGGGGCTTCC TATGCGCTTG 9900 GGATACACAG GGGCTGGAGG CTTCCCAGGA GTTTGTCTTG AACATCTGGA GGTTTGAATT 9960 TGTCCCACTG ACCTTTTCTT TCAGCAAGTT CCCCTGAAAT TTGGGCTGCT GCTTGGGTGA 10020 ATATCCCAGG ATGGGGGTTC CATTCTAGGA GTGGACTGGC AGGCTGAGCC TCCCATGGAG 10080 CTGATCCAGC CAGGATACAG AGAAGGGGAG GCAAAGGCTG AGACAGAACC AGCTTGAGAG 10140 CGGAGGCGCA ACTCTTGTCT CCTGGTGGCC TTGAGCATTT CACAATAGGG GGATAAAGGA 10200 TAGGAGCAGA AAAGTGGGGC TGACTTCAGA AATGGGGTCC TCTAGAGCTC ACGGGAGGGT 10260 GTTAGATTGG AGTGGGAGCT TAGTGGAGGT GAGCCTTAGA GGCAAAAGTC TCCAGACCAA 10320 TCCAGGCCCC CTCTTCTATC CGGGGCCCCC TCTTCTATCC AGGGCCCCTC TTCTGTCTGG 10380 GAGCCCCTCT TCTATCTGGG GCCTCATGCA GTGGGGCCCTA GGGGAGGTTC TCTGAGGACT 10440 TGGCCTTGAT GACAGGGTGG CTGGAGGAAT CAGAACGGTC AGACCTTCTT TGACCTGCGG 10500 GCACCTTTAG TTGGAATGCT CAGGCCTGGG ATGGTGGAGG GGGCTCTTGC AGGTGGGGAC 10560 TGGGGTGGCG GGGAGGAGGC TGTATGGCCG CCATATCTCC TTTGGCTGGG GGCGTCAGGG 10620 CTGGAGAGGT GTGAAGAGTC CCTGAGGCCT CGATGCATCT CACTCCAGCT CACCAGGTCT 10680 GCATTTGCCC GTCCCCAGCT CCTGCTGCCA CCCCGGCCG TTTTAGGCAC TTGGCTCCCT 10740 TGGCCCAGAG GAGCTTGCCT CACAGGCCTG TGCACCTCTG ACCCCTGTGA ACCAGTTTTC 10800 CTTTGTGCCT CCACAGCCAC AGCCTGGCAA CTCTGATCAG GAAAGTGAGG AACAGCAACA 10860 ATTCCGGAAC ATTTTCAAGC AGATAGCAGG AGATGTGAGT ACCTCCAAGC CCAGGACGCC

#### FIG. 8D/7 **SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)**

#### 31/33

CACAGGTGCT	TCCTTCTCTC	CTGGATTAAC	TGCTCAGATT	ACCAATTATT	TCATTATTGT	10980
TTGGTAGAGG	TCACTTTGGA	CTTCGGTGGA	GCCAGGGGAT	GTGTGCGTAG	CACACAAATC	11040
CACAAGCCCT	TGAGTTTTGG	ACTGCCACGT	CTGCTGGGGG	GCTCAGAGGC	CTTTTTGCTC	11100
TGAGCTGCCC	ACGGTGGTCC	TGATAGCTGA	GGTGCAGTAT	CTGGCCCCCT	GTCTTCCTCA	11160
GAAAAGCCCC	AGCTTCCCAT	GACATAATAG	CACCGACAGG	GATTTTACAA	ACACAGCCAG	11220
GTGGAATTTG	TTTTGCAAAG	TGTCCGCGCC	AGGAGCTGCT	GTACTCCTGA	ACCATGACCC	11280
TCCTCTCCCT	TCCTCCTCAG	GACATGGAGA	TCTGTGCAGA	TGAGCTCAAG	AAGGTCCTTA	11340
ACACAGTCGT	GAACAAACGT	GAGTTGCTCA	AACCAAATGG	GGGTGGGGTG	GGTGGGGAGT	11400
CCCGTTGTCT	CAAAGCAGCT	CCTCACTCTT	CTCCATCCCC	CCAGACAAGG	ACCTGAAGAC	11460
ACACGGGTTC	ACACTGGAGT	CCTGCCGTAG	CATGATTGCG	CTCATGGATG	TATCCTTCCT	11520
GCCGCCCCTT	CCCGACCCTC	TGTCATCAGC	CCACGGGGGC	CAAGGCAACA	TACAGGGTGC	11580
CCAGTCAGGC	AAAGGGCCCT	AATTTGTGCC	CAGGGAAACT	TAAGGAGACC	CTGATTCAGA	11640
ACATCTTGGA	TACTCGTCTG	AAAGGGGTTG	TTAGAGGCGG	AAGGGGAGGA	TGTTGGGTTG	11700
TAACTGCCCT	AACCCCTGTG	CTTCTCTCAG	GCCTGGGATC	CTGCCCAAGC	AAAAGTGGTC	11760
CTTAGGAGAG	CGGCTCCTGG	GTTACAGAGT	AGGCGCAATC	TCTGACTGGT	GGTGGAGTGG	11820
AGGGGAGGGT	TAAATAGTAC	AACAGGGCAG	TGGGTAGGAC	AGCCCGGAGT	CTCCTAGACC	11880
CTCCCTCCAA	ATCCAGGGGG	ATTTTGCTGT	GTGCTGTGTA	GCCCTGACCT	CCCTCCTCCA	11940
GACAGATGGC	TCTGGAAAGC	TCAACCTGCA	GGAGTTCCAC	CACCTCTGGA	ACAAGATTAA	12000
GGCCTGGCAG	GTGGGAAGAG	AAAATGAAGC	GTGGGAGTCA	AGAATGGGGT	TGATTTGGAG	12060
ATTCAGTGTG	TGACCTCCAT	CCTCAAATTT	TCTATTGCCA	GAAAATTTTC	AAACACTATG	12120
ACACAGACCA	GTCCGGCACC	ATCAACAGCT	ACGAGATGCG	AAATGCAGTC	AACGACGCAG	12180
GTGCTGAGAA	GGAAGGGGTG	TCAGGGATGT	GGACCCGAGA	CGGTGGGAGC	AGGAATGGGA	12240
GGGGACTAGC	TACTAGGGCC	CCACTAGAGA	AGGAGAGGGA	AAGGGCTTCT	CACTTTCCCT	12300
TCCCAGGTCA	CAGAGTGTCC	GAGAGGCAGG	GAAAATAGAA	GACAGGCCCA	AGGCCTCCAG	12360
CTCCACGTCC	ACCTCTAACA	TGGTCCCCTC	CACAGGATTC	CACCTCAACA	ACCAGCTCTA	12420
TGACATCATT	ACCATGCGGT	ACGCAGACAA	ACACATGAAC	ATCGACTTTG	ACAGTTTCAT	12480
CTGCTGCTTC	GTTAGGCTGG	AGGGCATGTT	CAGTAAGTGG	GAGAGGGGG	CTGCCCTCTG	12540

FIG. 8D/8

CTCTCTTGCA	GGGGCAGTTG	TGGCAACAGG	CATCTCACCT	GATAATCTCC	AGTCTGCTCC	12600
ATCCAGGCTG	AACAAGGGCC	AATGACCTCT	TTAGGCCCAG	AATGGGATGG	CAAAGGGAGG	12660
GTTACTGGTG	ATTCTCTGCC	TGCACATCTT	TGTGCTGATG	AGGGACAGCA	CTGGGCACAC	12720
GGTCCTCTGA	GGGGAAGTTA	CAGTAGTAGA	GGCGGAGTGC	GCCTGTAACT	GGCCTCTGGC	12780
CTGTGCATTC	TTTCACAGGA	GCTTCTCATG	CATTTGACAA	GGATGGAGAT	GGTATCATCA	12840
AGCTCAACGT	TCTGGAGGTA	AAGCATAGGC	ACAGCACATT	CCCCCTACAC	ATTAAAACTC	12900
AAGGTGGAGG	GGTCAACGGG	GCGGACTGGA	CCCAGGGTGT	GCTCCTCATT	TCCACACAGT	12960
GGTGGAGGGA	AGGGATAGGA	ACAGAACATG	GAGGGAGGCT	CAGCAGGCTC	CCAGGACACA	13020
TGCACTTGAG	GCCCAAAAGG	ACCTCTGCTC	CCCCAGTCAC	TTGATGCGGG	AAAACATGCA	13080
CCTTCTTAGG	GAAGATCTAG	GAGAAAGGAA	ACAGTAAGCC	ACTGCTTCTT	GGAAAATCTT	13140
CTGGGGGTCT	GACCTGCTGG	GACTGTTCCC	TTTCCTCTTG	CCCCGTAAGA	TTCCTAGGGC	13200
GGGGGGGGG	GGGGGTCACT	CTTTTCTGAT	CTACATTCTG	ATCTTGGGAC	TTCTTTCAGT	13260
GGCTGCAGCT	CACCATGTAT	GCCTGAACCA	GGCTGGCCTC	ATCCAAAGCC	ATGCAGGATC	13320
ACTCAGGATT	TCAGTTTCAC	CCTCTATTTC	CAAAGCCATT	TACCTCAAAG	GACCCAGCAG	13380
CTACACCCCT	ACAGGCTTCC	AGGCACCTCA	TCAGTCATGT	TCCTCCTCCA	TTTTACCCC	13440
TACCCATCCT	TGATCGGTCA	TGCCTAGCCT	GACCCTTTAG	TAAAGCAATG	AGGTAGGAAG	13500
AACAAACCCT	TGTCCCTTTG	CCATGTGGAG	GAAAGTGCCT	GCCTCTGGTC	CGAGCCGCCT	13560
CGGTTCTGAA	GCGAGTGCTC	CTGCTTACCT	TGCTCTAGGC	TGTCTGCAGA	AGCACCTGCC	13620
GGTGGCACTC	AGCACCTCCT	TGTGCTAGAG	CCCTCCATCA	CCTTCACGCT	GTCCCACCAT	13680
GGGCCAGGAA	CCAAACCAGC	ACTGGGTTCT	ACTGCTGTGG	GGTAAACTAA	CTCAGTGGAA	13740
TAGGGCTGGT	TACTTTGGGC	TGTCCAACTC	ATAAGTTTGG	CTGCATTTTG	AAAAAGCTG	13800
ATCTAAATAA	AGGCATGTGT	ATGGCTGGTC	CCCTTGTGTT	TTGTTGTCTC	ACATTTAGAT	13860
ATCAGCCATG	CATGACTGAA	TGGCTTCCAA	TCATATACTC	ACCTATCACC	TACAAGAGAA	13920
					ATTGCTATTT	13980
CTTGAGCATA	AGAATGGCTC	AGATACTTTC	CAAGACATAA	AAGGAAGGCA	GAGGAATAGT	14040
TGTTGCTGTA	AAAGACATCA	AGAATAAATG	GGGTCATGTA	CAACGGGAGG	GGCCGGTTAC	14100
CTGAATAATG	GAGTGGAGAT	TGAGCTATCC	TAGCTCCTCT	GCTCACTAAC	TGACCTGTCG	14160

FIG. 8D/9

CATGACC	GTG	GACAAAACCC	TGAACGCAGC	TGTTTGTTTG	CTAAACTTCT	CTGGACCATG	14220
GCCTGCG	GCA	TATCTATAGG	CATCCTGTGT	TTTCCACCCA	GTTTCCTTCT	TCCTCGCTAA	14280
GCCAACG	TGG	AAAGGGCTGG	CCGTGAATAT	GCAGACAAGG	TAACGAAAGT	AAACCGTCAA	14340
TTAGTAA	AAG	TACTTCATTT	TCCTCTTGTA	TTTGCTTCAT	TCTTGCTTCA	CAAAGTTACG	14400
AAGTCCA	CAG	CTTTATACCA	AAATGTAAGA	AGGCTATTTG	CTTATAAACA	TTTTGAGTCA	14460
GGTGTCA	TCT	GATTTCATTC	TTCTAATCCA	TATTCAATAT	TAAAAAATCA	GAAACCAAGG	14520
GTGCTGG	AGC	AGCTCTAGGG	CATATATTTC	TCTTAAATAG	GAGAAAGATT	TTCAACAGCT	14580
TTTCCTC	CTT	GACCCCCTCC	TTTCCCAATT	TATTTGGGTC	ACTACCTTGA	ATTTAGAGTG	14640
AATCTGG	GAA	ATGTAGTCAC	CAGG				14664

# RULE 63 (37 C.F.R. 1.63) DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY FOR PATENT APPLICATION IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that my residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name, and I believe I am the original first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is addressed and for which a patent is equal to not be invention entitled.

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e spr	cification of which (che	ck applicable	box(s)):				
	s attached hereto				(T. D. Assismed)		(Atty Dkt. No. 960-29)
	vas filed on			. Application Serial No.		24 Nov	rember 1995
] ,	vas filed as PCT interna	ational applica	tion No.	PCT/EP95/0457	on	21 1404	elliber 1999
- 1 d (	f applicable to U.S. or	PCT applicati	on) was amende	d on			L. Ch., and an and mont
ferre reby	d to above. I acknowled	dge the duty to enefits under 3 oblication for pa	35 U.S.C. 119/36 atent or inventor's	MON WINCH IS MAKENAN	( ( ) for makent or in	contario cortificate lie	nended by any amendment rdance with 37 C.F.R. 1.56. I ted below and have also ich priority is claimed or, if no
	oreign Application(s):						Day/Month/Year File
	ation Number			Country			22 November 199
402	668.1			Europe		•	
		er 35 U.S.C. §	119(e) of any Ur	nited States provisional a	application(s) listed be · Filed	elow.	
ppli	ation Number			Day/Months 1 041			
hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. 120/365 of ubject matter of each of the claims of this application 12, I acknowledge the duty to disclose material informentational or PCT international filing date of this apprior U.S./PCT Application(s):			eriai miormanon	as delined in or on an		petween the filing da	Status: patente pending, abandon
	cation Serial No. P95/04575			21 November	1995		Pendi
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